Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real nam of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Star Route jury will probably render a verdict by the 4th of July.

GENERAL NEWTON was elected president of the Society of the Army of the Potomac.

A TAX of forty dollars on each billiard table may cause a less number to be used, or an advance in the price of games.

ROSCOE CONKLING thinks the country has been put back ten years. Mr. Conkling mistakes himself for the country.

HENRY WATTERSON, the wild Democrat of Kentucky, predicts the defeat of his party in 1884. He can safely make such a prophecy.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR has appointed James Longstreet, Jr., a son of the ex-confederate general, to be cadet-at-large at the Naval Academy.

IF the cold weather continues the summer visitor will be compelled to sit by the fire and listen to the beating of the surf through a telephone.

THERE used to be philosophers who held that war w s a necessary evil, as it was the only way to keep the population of the earth down to proper numbers. As wars are out of fashion in this country just now the cyclone seems to answer every purpese.

GEORGIA is becoming an important member of the Union. It will soon take a prominent place in the Northern markets as a producer of fruits and vegetables. The truck business is becoming very extensive in that State, and heavy shipments to Northern cities are becoming frequent.

IT will be in vain for the exorbitant ice man to attempt panic prices during the coming summer, provided said summer shall actually arrive, a matter which is at present problematical to some minds. Showers of hailstones varying in weight from about six ounces to three-quarters of a pound during the middle of the month of May ought to bar any such calamity as a "corner in ice."

LET Charles A. Dana be President of the United States. It would be a reward that has been richly earned. —*Jersey City Herald.*

Pray, how has he earned it? By seeking to blacken the reputation of Republican leaders and defaming the memory of Garfield? If these are qualities which fit a man for the Presidency then Charles A. Dana, above all others, is entitled to the honor.

SECRETARY FOLGER'S movement to reduce the number of Internal Revenue districts from one hundred and twenty-six to ninety-two is a most commendable one. A hundred useless and highly paid officers will thereby be cut off without injuring in the least the effectiveness of the system. It is this class of officials who have heretofore used their positions for political purposes, and if they are cut off without mercy those remaining will have more work to do and less time for doubtful practices.

WORTH, the famous man milliner, has designed a new ball dress which he styles the Chamberlain, in honor of the American beauty whom the Prince of Wales pronounced the prettiest young girl in Europe. It is not to be made up for anybody until she has worn her copy of it at the earlier balls of the London season, with the exception of one reproduction which has been sent to Russia to be worn at the coronation of the Czar. It is all in white and silver, and is said to be one of the most charming of Worth's many exquisite inventions for evening dress.

Hoyt's and Pattison's Portraits.

We are informed that the clause in a bill appropriating $10,000 toward the painting of the portraits of ex-Governor Hoyt and Governor Pattison has been passed in the House We don't know whether this is a Democratic or Republican measure, or whether it has anything to do with politics, but for supreme folly and impudence it can hardly be surpassed. Who in this world wants a portrait of either ex-Governor Hoyt or Governor Pattison? Neither of them are handsome men and their moral qualities are, to say the least, questionable. Governor Hoyt resembles a well-developed beer barrel and Mr. Pattison, whom we have never seen, might easily be mistaken for an overgrown boy. Then, its not for æsthetic appearance that these portraits are wanted.

The tax-payer is asked to give $10,000 to have the portraits of these two gentlemen handsomely put on canvas, in oil, when he cannot afford, perhaps, to perpetuate his own much more comely likeness on the cheapest cardboard, in ink. Indeed, the more we consider this piece of impudence the more outrageous it becomes.

Besides are not these gentlemen wealthy enough to pay for all the portraits of themselves they may desire or that anybody may care to preserve? Hoyt has handsome property in Wilkesbarre and received $10,000 per annum for several years; Pattison is doubtless in good circumstances; then let them spend a few dollars of their own money if they want to look at their very ordinary phizes, but don't inflict them on other people.

This absurd measure was favorably considered by a Democratic House, and is ridiculous enough to have emanated from them. This is the way a Democratic administration trifles away the people's hard-earned money. Ten thousand dollars! Forsooth! Ten cents would be a genteel sufficiency; and any more can be demonniated a superadequacy.

The Free-Traders' strong Argument for Protection.

The argument against protection most current of late is as follows: "Bricklayers and carpenters work at unprotected industries. Cigar-makers and iron workers work at protected industries. But bricklayers and carpenters get better wages than cigar-makers and iron-workers. Therefore protection does not increase wages." Lut us see. Conceding for the sake of the argument the free-trade assumption that, as a rule, bricklayers and carpenters do get better wages than cigar-makers; what does it prove? Why do American bricklayers and carpenters get as high wages as they do? Manifestly because of the demand for the products of their work, which sustains good prices and good wages. If the supply of buildings were in excess of the wants of tenants, the demand and the wages would be less. If the competition were greater the supply would be larger in proportion to demand and wages would be lower. It would not matter where the competition came from, whether from at home or abroad. It would be the sum of all the competition that would affect wages. Now, in the case of the building trades the element of foreign competition is eliminated, while in the cases of cigar-makers and iron-workers this element is present and active in reducing demand for the domestic products and wages for home labor. It is, consequently, because the trades of bricklayers and carpenters are more completely protected against foreign competition than those of cigar-makers and iron-workers that wages in them are better when home demand is good. It follows that the best way to insure better wages to American cigar-makers and iron-workers would be to increase their protection against foreign competition. Thus, the free-traders' argument demonstrates that protection does increase American wages.

MR. GARFIELD'S son Harry has declined an invitation to deliver a memorial address at North Adams, Mass., on Memorial Day. He is a student at Williams College in that town.

A Nut to Crack.

The *Iowa State Leader* continues to call upon the farmers to save themselves from the dreadful oppression of the manufacturing monopolists by supporting "tariff for revenue only" while waiting for the millennium of free trade. We commend to the *Leader*, as a ready answer to its deceptive arguments, the following very brief piece of farmer's logic by Stephen Peebles, of Pacific City, Iowa, which the *Leader* is at liberty to refute, if it can:

A tariff for revenue only, if it means anything, implies the following:

A general reduction of the existing duties on imports.

To be followed by a larger importation of foreign-made fabrics.

To be followed by a falling off in the demand for those made at home.

To be followed by the closing of American workshops.

To be followed by a relatively greater number of men engaged in agriculture.

To be followed by an increase in the supply of farm products, with no corresponding increase in the demand.

To be followed by a reduction of the farmer's profits.

While the *Leader* has the matter in hand, it may take time to explain why, if free trade in England has caused a reduction of the value of farming land there, as the New York *World* says it has, free trade in the United States would not cause a like result here.

Early Patriots for Protection.

There was no free-trade nonsense about the statesmen and patriots who passed the first tariff act in 1789 Even the first President of the United States wore a coat of domestic manufacture on the day of his inauguration, "in the heartiest sympathy with the general feeling." The preamble to the first act explains its urgency, among other things, to be "the encouragement and protection of manufactures, that duties be levied upon goods, wares and merchandise imported," etc. This was followed by another act in 1790 largely increasing the duties already imposed. It was only the next year that Washington, writing to a friend, spoke of the "happy effects" of the protective tariff policy of the new government, upon our "agriculture, commerce and industry." Yes; none of the statesmen of the early days of the Constitution ever suspected that a protective tariff was unconstitutional. It was reserved for the modern Bourbon free-trader who admires the British more than the American system, to make that discovery. The small end of nothing has about as much point as the argument of the free-trader against the system of protection—protection as a measure inuring to the general prosperity of the country.—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

THE bill for the better government of insane asylums, which has been signed by the governor, was an important needed measure. Our insane are the most helpless portion of the population, and too many checks cannot be put upon those who are entrusted with the management of the institutions in which they are used. Under the operation of this bill it will be difficult to incarcerate for any length of time any sane persons or for any of the employees of lunatic asylums to practice cruelty toward their unhappy charges without detection.

THE Bonanza Kings may be happily fixed so far as money is concerned but their domestic relations a e not a success. Senator Tabor is divorced from is first wife and married the second under circumstances which created much public scandal. Now Senator's Fair's wife has secured a divorce with an award of $4,250,000 and the custody of her minor children.

THE triumphs of free trade Democracy have reduced values wonderfully. The whole "world" was sold to Pulitzer the other day for $350,000.

THE New York monopolistic free-trade organ tries to identify protection with monopoly as follows:

"The manufacturers confess themselves to be 'infants' dependent on State aid and Government bounty. The 'anti-monopolists', if they are honest and not merely venal 'strikers' at the railway corporations, must apply the same yard-stick to iron mills as to railways, and apply in the interest of workingmen, who must have food, raiment, and shelter, but who need not ride on railways. How does it happen that the Thurber anti monopolists never cease denouncing Governor Cleveland for refusing his consent to a reduction of the fares on the elevated railway until a calm inquiry shall have been made into the capital actually expended upon them and into their net earnings, while those same Thurber anti-monopolists have nothing to say about window-glass and earthenware monopolists?"

Railways are chartered corporations vested by the State with valuable franchises in their nature exclusive and involving duties and obligations as servants of the community. Manufacturers of articles protected by tariff are not in any sense monopolist. Their business is free to all upon equal terms and open competition prevents abuse. How can the making of window-glass and earthenware be called monopolies when every American citizen is free to engage in either on perfectly equal terms? If the "anti-monopolists" or any other persons tell the whole truth about these industries, it will be to the praise of the protective system which has reduced the cost of their products to less than one-half their price under revenue tariff.

A FAVORITE argument of the free traders, and one that presents some plausibility to unthinking minds, is that a strictly revenue tariff would be levied on a comparatively small number of articles, less than a dozen, they say, and the great mass of articles used by the people be thereby relieved from taxation. In reply we say: 1st. Tariff on importations of foreign-made articles which compete with our own products is not a tax; for the great majority of our people buy the home-made articles at a very much less cost than the price of the foreign goods, tax paid, 2d. One of the best features of protective tariff is that it relates to so many articles, thereby promoting and protecting a great diversity of home industries. Diversified industry is the great source of national strength and independence. A revenue tariff, by decreasing the variety of our productions, would make us weak, poor and dependent. The simplicity of a revenue tariff would be one of its greatest curses, as the variety of protective tariff is one of the greatest sources of benefit to the country. Because a protective tariff embraces many products, it does not follow that it should be incongruous. On the other hand, it should be entirely harmonious, based on the uniform application of the principle of protecting each product of American industry in proportion to the labor and capital engaged in making it in competition with foreign labor and capital.

HON. ISAAC MCHOSE, of the Berks district, is very favorably mentioned as a suitable candidate for State Treasurer on the Republican ticket. Mr. McHose was a candidate for congress a year ago and the strong support he received from the people of his district proves him a very popular man. The Reading *Times and Dispatch* in speaking of him says:

Mr. McHose is popular with both wings of the Republican party, and would be specially acceptable to that large body of citizens who constitute the working element. The above suggestion is made without Mr. McHose's knowledge or consent, and he is in no way responsible for the announcement of his name in this connection. A better candidate, however, could not be named for this position by the Republican State Convention.

DAKOTA had a snow storm on the 14th which raged for nearly twenty four hours, blocked the roads and caused a total cessation of travel. In Dakota evidently "December's as pleasant as May."

The Waste of Internal Revenue.

By transferring to tariff the revenue now collected from internal taxation the percentage of cost of customs collections would be decreased, since the same number of custom houses and custom officers would suffice to collect all our revenues as now collect only a part of them. It follows that all the money spent on internal tax collections, amounting in the last fiscal year to $5,107,000 besides the cost attending trials, raids and seizures, is money thrown away. And yet free-traders who pretend that they believe that all taxation should be for revenue only, with the sole view to bringing the largest net receipts at the least possible expense, advocate the continuance of the waste of internal revenue. They really do not care how heavy are the burdens of the American people provided the burdens of foreign producers and traders be lessened.

THE bill conferring upon Pennsylvania veterans of the Mexican war the nominal pension of ninety six dollars per annum is one which Governor Pattison cannot go wrong in signing. The number of such survivors is very small, and of all those who remain the majority are well advanced in years, and not a few are in need of the help which it is proposed to give them. The United States Congress has refused to grant the Mexican veterans pensions because so many of them are natives and residents of the ex-rebel States. This is not a very good argument against such pensions, but it is the best that has been forthcoming, and it does not apply to the bill now before the Governor.

THE cyclone has not exhausted itself yet. Fort Stephenson, Dakota, has been cut off from the outside world by the cyclone's raid on telegraph wires and railroad tracks. The village of Waterloo, Indiana, has been entirely demolished, while an iron bridge over White Water river was literally blown to pieces. Preble county, Ohio, was scourged by the same tornado, with damage to the amount of many thousand dollars. These destructive atmospheric disturbances are becoming so very common that the newspapers can rely upon at least three or four daily items from this source. It is an unusually c lm day that fails to furnish a huricane.

IN the village of Accord, in New York, the other day, a large fiery aerolite fell into a creek, sending up a tremendous column of steam and boiling water, it was excavated from the stream, and clinging to it was found a gigantic two-edged sword, six feet long, covered with strange inscriptions, and weighing more than 17 pounds. The enterprising reporter who witnessed this remarkable occurrence has been retained to prepare the bulletins concerning Uncle Samuel Tilden's health.

A MISSIONARY in Liberia writes that colored people can do much better in America than in the African republic. Of course they can. Any man, whatever the color of his skin, who is sober, industrious and enterprising can do better in America than anywhere else. And it is pretty safe to say that those who can't get on here have no show for getting on anywhere else.

THE New York *World* and *Times*, one a Democratic and the other a Republican organ, have both changed their views on the tariff and now favor protection. The *World* has changed its proprietorship which makes such a departure natural, but the *Times* is under the same management.

EX-SENATOR TABOR, of Colorado, declines to talk to newspaper men because the press of the country has not treated him with respect. Thus has the press again performed a great service.

AN inspection of Company B, N. G. of P., is ordered to take place in the Armory on Saturday evening next at 7 o'clock, sharp.

GENERAL NOTES.

The Chinese are so superstitious in regard to death that they seldom mention the word itself, but substitute "having become immortal," or some other expression.

A man who refused to pay $1,000 for the land upon which Cincinnati now stands, when he could have bought it for that amount, died a few days ago in the poorhouse.

Relict hunters are bidding quite lively for the dilapidated wheelbarrow that Lyman Potter trundled twice across the continent. The last offer was $1,000, but his widow wants more.

A colored mother dreamed beneath the stars of Georgia that she was beating a pone. When she arose next morning she found her baby dead. The coroner said that every bone in its body was broken.

Dr. Palmer, of the Smithsonian Institute, is in Chattanooga gathering up relists of the war. He proposes to explore a number of Indian burial places along the Tennessee river and Chattanooga valley.

Once a year the little Hindoo girls destroy all dolls by throwing them into a large tank filled with water. This is done so they will have "no other gods before their eyes during the festival of desserah."

A New Lisbon boy found a nest of ground squirrels recently which he took home. The cat took a fancy to them, adopting them as her offspring in lieu of the kittens that had been drowned a few days before.

A letter mailed in Denver to a young lady in Auburn, no State mentioned, has been going around for 10 years, and hasn't been to all the Auburns yet. If it did not contain a $1 bill it would have found rest long ago.

All the Asian authorities agree that if a profane sceptic should undertake to chop off or twist off the sacred tail of a genuine white elephant he would meet with sudden death. A like divinity doth hedge a mule.

An Oil City man, who lost a leg in the army, settled the pension agent by saying he never intended to apply for a pension, as he had been more than remunerated for his loss by his wife eloping with another man while he was in the service.

Miss Fanny Mills, of Sandusky, Ohio, is not an overly big woman, but she has a great foot on her. One of her shoes now on exhibition in a museum is 17 inches long, 7 inches wide, 18 inches around the ankle and 22 inches around the heel.

A fish-hawk with a large fish clutched in its talons was washed ashore at Bayview, N. J., last week. A fisherman said he saw the bird swoop down on its victim and make several attempts to rise, but it had caught more than it could manage.

The vane removed from the steeple of Trinity church in Newport, R. I., last week is supposed to be the largest vestige of regal rite in America. It was six feet four inches across and four feet high, and was placed on the spire during Queen Anne's reign.

A Wheeling lady has a pet cat and dog which are very fond of one another. When the dog wants to go into the kitchen the cat jumps up and catches the latch of the door, while the dog roots it open. The cat rides on the dog's back when they are out on their airings.

An account of an ice palace built in St. Petersburg in 1740 contains the remarkable statement that an ice cannon was also made, from which, with a charge of a quarter of pound of powder, a bullet was driven through a plank two inches thick at a distance of 50 paces.

A deputy marshal went to arrest a moonshiner down in North Carolina. After announcing his business the old man laid down on the floor and told the officer he was ready to go, but he would have to carry him. He weighed 300 pounds. While the officer was gone for assistance the old man disappeared.

A New Castle man tied his new setter dog to the leg of a small cooking stove in the kitchen the first night after taking him home. The next morning the kitchen looked as though there had been a dynamite explosion in it. The dog had dragged the stove all around the room and upset everything that would tumble over.

Mr. Grimly, of New York, has succeeded in interesting the Aeronautic Association in his plan for hitching two balloons together, allowing one to rise considerably above the other into the steady upper air currents. By this means the lower one will be dragged along in the right direction regardless of the cross currents below. In this way he expects to reach the North Pole.

Some unseen agent has been smashing the windows in a house on Ross street, Philadelphia. The occupants say it is the spirit of Charley Ross. The spirit was identified by a long haired spiritualist who charged $10 for his services. The last seen of Charley Ross in the flesh he was playfully throwing stones at his house from the cross street above.

A lady residing in Upper Oswego Falls, N. Y. had repeatedly asked her husband to saw a huge limb off an apple tree that grated harshly against the house during wind storms. The husband promised and promised, but failed to act. On Monday she borrowed a saw and mounted the tree, determined to sever the obnoxious limb. She, woman fashion, took a seat on the wrong end.

There is on exhibition in London an array of cigar ends collected during 7 years' peregrinations up and down the metropolitan thoroughfares. The enterprising collector reckons that in this time he has traveled nearly 12,000 miles on foot, and he has picked up 600,000 pieces of cigars, averaging an inch and a half each. He is said to have valued his stock thus literally composed of odds and ends at $10,000.

In Quincy, Ill., a few years ago, a man occupying a position of trust stole $10,000 and decamped to Mexico. According to the popular belief, his ill-gotten wealth ought to have brought nothing but disaster to him, but on the contrary, the investments that he made brought to him a handsome fortune. As he now had plenty of money his conscience impelled him to restore that which he had stolen

Poetry.

THE EARLY RAIN.

Down through the misty air,
Down from the gloom above,
Falling, pattering everywhere,
The rain comes quick with love.
Softly the missel thrush
Sings in the golden storm;
The robin under a laurel bush
Waits for to-morrow morn.

Drip, drip, drip from the eaves,
Pit, pit, pit on the pane,
Swish, swish, swish on the drenched leaves,
List! 'tis the song of the rain.
Grasses are bending low,
Green is the corn and thick,
You can almost see the nettles grow,
They grow so strong and quick.

Soft is the wind from the west,
Softer than rain's low sigh;
The sparrow washes his smokey breast,
And watches the gloomy sky.
Stirred are the boughs by the breeze,
Scarcely a leaf is still,
Something is moving among the trees,
Like a restless spirit of ill.

Standing watching the rain,
Do you not seem to hear
The voice of God out speaking again
To man's ungrateful ear?
Promising plenty and peace,
Garners with treasure heaped,
That seed-time and harvest shall not cease
Till the harvest of earth be reaped.

—*The Argosy.*

AUGUSTUS AND THE WILLIAM GOAT.

Augustus Prim went out to swim,
And, following tradition,
He hung his clothes on a hickory limb,
Devoid of all suspicion.

A William Goat came that way,
And, following tradition,
He wickedly chewed up those clothes,
Devoid of all contrition.

Augustus Prim came from his swim,
Devoid of all suspicion,
But, when he saw the empty limb,
Fled like an apparition.

—*Gil. Forde, in Puck.*

The deacon was stingy as stingy could be,
And his minister keen as a brier;
And the minister wished the ceiling removed,
But could not get his desire.

One day a piece of the plastering fell
By fate on the hard deacon's head,
And he sprang from his seat and offered a ten
To have things secured overhead.

"Lord, hit him again!" said the minister keen,
With which you and I will agree,
For if plaster will open the heart of a man,
The plaster the man should have free.

—*Rochester Post-Express.*

—Five minutes walk to kirk
Makes her sick—it's awful work—
And that is why she seldom heeds the bell;
But let her young man call,
And invite her to a ball—
You never saw a girl so strong and well.

—*Whitehall Times.*

Our Story Teller.

Her Son's Wife.

Mrs. Churchill sat in her easy-chair by the low window, open to admit the sweet summer air, redolent of roses and honeysuckle. Her slippered foot tapped the velvet carpet impatiently; there was an ominous contraction of the black brows, and her son Roy, sitting opposite, knew that the letter she held and had just perused brought unpleasant news.

"What is the matter now, mother?" he asked. "Has Leslie been up to his old pranks? Is he in debt or arrested for practical joking?"

"Don't jest, Roy," said Mrs. Churchill, tersely. "I could forgive him anything but this. He has married a poor girl from the very streets; disgraced us all by a miserable misalliance. Read the letter, if you like."

She tossed it to him and leaned back against the cushions, with a deepening frown on her haughty face.

Leslie, her handsome, younger son, had always been her favorite, despite his wild, heedless ways and determined waywardness; these she attributed to the reckless impulse of youth

Roy looked up from the letter with a thoughtful face.

"No doubt it is a bitter disappointment to you, mother," he said, "but it may be better than you think, after all. Leslie is flighty, but he would never marry any one but a lady. That she was poor and worked for her living is scarcely a disgrace."

"I doubt if she is even educated," returned his mother, scornfully. Leslie is just foolish enough to be duped by some coarse, designing creature. It is only the worst and maddest of his follies."

"He is coming home next month," Roy commented.

"Yes, and even requests me to receive her kindly. Bring me my writing materials, Roy, I'll answer the letter now.

Roy would have advised a delay—time at least, to consider the subject well; his mother was scarcely in a mood to write to her delinquent son. But he knew that remonstrance would be quite useless, and brought the stand and writing desk to her without a word.

"Leslie," began Mrs. Churchill. It was the first time she had ever written to him without an affectionate prefix—"Leslie, the contents of your letter, just received, both surprised and pained me. It seems scarcely credible that a Churchill, and one of my sons should stoop to choose a wife from a station so far beneath his own. I can but think you were led into it unwittingly, doubtless for the sake of your fortune, you were always so reckless and credulous.

"You are coming here with her; of course, you cannot expect me to receive her as I would one of our rank; in fact, I have decided that since you have so disregarded my wishes, my presence here would be scarcely desired. There has never been hostility between us, but now there would be one subject, at least, upon which we could not agree.

"I intended to go abroad in the fall, but a few months will make little difference: so, when you arrive here, you will find the house at your complete disposal. If you write, address me at Lady Currier's, London. I shall remain there until fall.

"Your mother,
LETITIA CHURCHILL."

This is the message that Mrs. Churchill sent to her absent son. It might have been kinder had she waited, as Roy wished she had, for her anger and disappointment lessened a little with reflection.

Six weeks later, a few days after Mrs. Churchill's arrival at Lady Currier's, a letter came over the ocean. She did not recognize the handwriting, but noticed that it was fine and feminine, before she broke the seal.

"DEAR MADAM—Your son is dead. We were on our way to his home, when he met with an accident that proved fatal. He was thrown from a horse at Dana, and lingered less than an hour, delirious until the end. I telegraphed to you then, but you had gone abroad. I learned your present address from your last letter to Leslie. Believe, me, madam, you need not fear intrusion from me. As for my husband's fortune, I have no desire to claim the smallest part of it, and regret that you should so misjudge me. Offering my condolence in your affliction, I remain.

Respectfully yours,
MARION CHURCHILL."

So cold, so formal, so heartless, how could Mrs. Churchill know of the true regret and sympathy that longed to express itself, yet dared not to the angry, scornful woman who had so unjustly condemned the writer?

Yet one thing was very evident; this young girl had not married Leslie Churchill for his wealth and position, since now that he was dead, she refused to claim either.

She spent the following year in the old world. Roy was very attentive and considerate, and the new scenes and strange faces served to divert her mind, and she had less time to indulge in grieving; but when the ocean was again crossed and they were at home once more, her composure gave way entirely, and refused to be comforted.

Then came the time when the mansion was closed to visitors, the great rooms darkened, and Roy's face grew grave and anxious as he moved noiselessly around the lonely house or standing at his mother's bedside, heard her delirious cries for "Leslie, Leslie!" and her incoherent babbling of Diana and the young girl who had come between her and her son.

Awakening one day, as though from a long sleep, Mrs. Churchill looked about her with bewildered eyes. A young woman, seated near the window, rose and came softly to the bedside.

"You have been very ill," she said, in reply to the invalid's look of inquiry. "I'm glad that you are conscious at last. It will not be long now before you will be well and strong again."

Her voice was low and wonderfully sweet. Mrs. Churchill, raising her eyes, saw a fair girlish face with sweet smiling mouth and tender brown eyes; a wealth of waving pale-yellow hair was coiled about a dainty, well-poised head, and the hands that softly clasped her own were white and shapely. She had a faint recollection of having seen that winsome face before and felt the gentle touch of those soft, cool hands.

"Who are you?" she asked.

"I am your nurse, Miss Irving," the girl answered. "I have been with you all the time. Now I am going to tell your son of your recovery; he is very anxious."

She glided away and went down to the library where Roy was pacing slowly up and down.

"Your mother is conscious, Mr. Churchill," she said.

Roy turned with hopeful face.

"I am very glad," he answered. "I hope we shall soon have her with us."

"Yes: 'twill not be long that she will need my care."

She looked at him smilingly, and their eyes met. Something in Roy's made her own droop, and a faint flush dyed her face.

He realized then, for the first time, what a hard parting it would be for him; he had grown to be very fond of the dainty, graceful girl, with her sweet face and gentle, winning ways.

Mrs. Churchill rapidly improved, but when, one day, her companion spoke of leaving her, she shook her head and answered decidedly:

"I cannot spare you, Miss Irving," she said kindly, yet with a tone of her old command. "I shall be lonely here, and need a companion. Stay with me; you have nothing to call you away."

"No, I have nothing, not even friends," she answered, sadly. "I will stay, Mrs. Churchill."

Not even friends. That touched the lady's heart, and she determined then that the young girl should have at least one true friend. She had grown dearer to her even than she would confess.

Roy's affection and pity gradually deepened into love; he did not express it in words, but it was apparent in every look and action.

The young girl did not resent it; sometimes he fancied it was reciprocated, but there seemed to be a barrier between them that he could neither understand nor clear away.

One day, alone with Mrs. Churchill, she announced her intention of leaving the mansion.

"Do not urge me to remain," she said. "It is necessary for me to go, very necessary."

"I cannot understand. Why should you wish to go away? Are you not happy here?"

Mrs. Churchill noticed the sudden averting of the truthful eyes, the little confused flush that crept over the girl's face.

"Miss Irving," she said, gently, "has Roy anything to do with your departure?"

Her companion turned suddenly.

"Then you know all," she exclaimed, impulsively. "Oh, Mrs. Churchill, I'm so sorry. I should have gone before this."

Mrs. Churchill leaned forward and took the girl's hand between her own.

"I know that Roy loves you," she answered. "I'm sorry if you cannot return it. I would not like to see him unhappy."

"It isn't that. I have no right to it. I am poor and unknown, and he—oh, you must understand!"

Mrs. Churchill answered kindly and firmly:

"Miss Irving, if you love Roy, there is no reason that you should leave us. I shall be proud to accept you for my daughter. How mercenary and cruel you must have thought us!"

Then she paused, thinking sadly how well she merited the title one year ago. She had greatly changed since then. Toward the woman who had been Leslie's wife for such a short time she no longer harbored resentment; she often thought of her with kindness and pity, wondering where she was, and how well she was succeeding in the daily struggle of life. She had even made a few attempts to find her, but without success; she thought she would be better contented if she new that Leslie's widow was above want and poverty.

"Pride once came between me and my happiness," she said to her companion, and told her the story of her son's hasty marriage and her own unjust anger. "If I could only find her, I would make amends," she added.

"There is no need of that, Mrs. Churchill. She forgave you long ago."

Mrs. Churchill started at the words; at her feet was the young girl with upturned face and pleading eyes.

"Forgive me, forgive me; I have deceived you," she said. "I am Marion, your son's wife!"

There was a little start of surprise, an incredulous cry, then Mrs. Churchill's face grew radiant with joy and pleasure. Marion knew that she was welcome, and threw herself gladly into the outstretched arms, open to receive her.

Roy and Marion were married a few weeks later, and she came to reign in the home whose doors had once been closed against her.

By Mrs. Churchill, there is no one so dearly loved and respected as this gentle, winsome girl, her son's wife.—*Guinevere.*

Alfonso's Bride.

A Paris correspondent of a Philadelphia paper draws this unflattering picture of the sister of King Alfonso, of Spain, who is the "bride of the hour" in Europe. "Speaking of the Grand Opera, I saw the latest royal bride, Princess Paz of Spain, who has just espoused Prince Louis, of Bavaria, in the box of her royal mother, Queen Isabella, the other night. The Legitimist papers have been filled with eulogies on her charms and descriptions of her azure eyes, her blonde tresses and her exquisite grace and winning simplicity. But I regret to say that, to my republican eyes, the young lady is as plain a girl as one would wish or not wish to see. She is very sallow, her complexion showing very unfavorably in contrast with her light eyes and pale brown hair. She is as thin as a grasshopper, and the royal elbows display a sharpness of angle that reminds one of the limbs of that summer insect. She was elegantly attired in pale pink satin, and she wore the diamond coronet, surmounted with a row of pear-shaped pearls which was her royal bridegroom's wedding gift; and, also, the superb necklace of pearls which was the bridal present of her mother. This last is of two rows of pearls merely, but each pearl is as large as an ordinary sized cranberry. Her lady-in-waiting, a large, creamy-skinned, sleepy-eyed Bavarian, with superb white shoulders, displaying a very low-necked corsage, was a complete contrast to the Princess in all respects."

A man who was frequently seen in the courts of New York was asked: "How is it that you are such a frequent visitor here?" He replied: "Because it the best and cheapest amusement I can find," he said. "I like to hear the lawyers fight with one another. I like to hear them badger the witnesses. I like to study the physiognomy of the jurors and speculate on the verdict. I like to watch the litigants. I enjoy the crowded court rooms and the excitement attending all legal contests. It is not only a very cheap amusement, it is as uncertain as a horse race, as laughable as a circus, as instructive as a library, as exciting as a base ball match. There are no reserved seats, no ticket speculators and no plate collection."

When Mrs. Fogg asked her lord and master for a fur cloak, and he replied that, really, my dear, I can not fur get you, she did not feel so bad because she could not get the cloak, but was quite broken down by the heartless manner of a man who could make a pun on a matter of such transcendental importance.

"I am going to a masquerade ball this evening, and I want an appropriate dress," he said to the costumer. "What is your business?" "O, I'm a milkman." "Then you'd better put on a pair of pumps and go disguised as a waterfall."

[Communicated.]

The General Synod of the Lutheran Church.

The earnest solicitation of the REPUBLICAN for something, in regard to the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church in the United States and of the history of the Lutheran church in America and the hope that it may be of interest to some of its readers, is the only apology for the following.

As not even a fair synopsis of the history can be given in a newspaper article, the reader must not expect more than a few of the leading facts.

"The Lutheran church in America is probably over two hundred and fifty years old. The precise year of earliest origin is involved somewhat in doubt, yet we may consider it at least probable, that fifteen years before the Baptists, sixty-five before Presbyterians, and one hundred and forty before the Methodists had made a beginning, and only a year or two after the landing of the Puritans on Plymouth Rock, there were faithful confessors of the Lutheran church already on these shores *** from the Netherlands."

"We find Lutherans mentioned in the earlist classifications of the inhabitants of the New Netherlands, according to their faith. See reports of Jesuit Father Jogue, Documentary History of New York, Vol. 4, Page 19. Hence the inference that there were Lutherans in the Colony from the beginning in 1622 The same paper notices the presence in New Amsterdam also of Roman Catholics and English Puritans."

"Meanwhile the colony of New Sweeden was planted over two hundred and forty years ago and the first Lutheran church edifice on this continent was erected within the walls of Fort Christina, now Wilmington, Del., probably 1638, and their first minister was the Rev. Reorus Torkillus—who died in 1643. Rev. Campanius, their second pastor, was the first Protestant Missionary to the North America Indians, being several years earlier in this work than the distinguished John Eliot. He translated Luther's Catechism into the Delaware language. (A copy is in the library of the Lutheran Historical society at Gettysburg.) To his influence and that of his successors, belongs much of the credit for the success of the Indian policy of Wm. Penn; as the Indians with whom Penn had to do were those among whom these Swedish pastors had lived and labored.

In 1742 the patriarch Muhlenberg arrived in this country, and settled in the eastern part of this State.

The Ministerium of Pennsylvania, the first Lutheran organization in America (often called the Mother Synod), was organized in 1748, and the second, the Ministerium of New York, was organized several years before the close of the eighteenth century, and the third, North Carolina Synod, was formed about the beginning of the nineteenth. Those three Synods with less than 70 pastors (about 67) made up the ministerial strength of the Lutheran Church in America with a large proportion of the population, properly belonging to the Lutheran church. The number could not now be correctly estimated, but we are informed by good authority, that the church could have found work for at least one hundred additional ministers, *among her own people*, and still have had room for more.

The critical condition of the church, at this period, can better be imagined than described—almost without a ministry—without a college or seminary it could call its own in which to educate her people—depending principally on "Father Land" for her supply of educated men, who were slow to come; and many of those that did come failed to adapt themselves to the condition of the society of that day in free America, which to a great degree, unfitted them for their work. Another and perhaps the greatest hinderance to the progress of the Lutheran church in this country, was, that all the tendencies were that the Government and its business was destined to become English as a Nation. Much as the European that comes to this country may love his mother tongue (and why should he not love it; who can answer?) for all that, he can not prevent his children from falling in with the prevailing language of his adopted country, and it took time for the church to understand this fact, but it did learn to understand and see the situation and profit by it, though it must be regretted that it was long coming.

The end of a period of over 175 years of the Lutheran church's history in this country brings us to the 19th century. The dawn of a new era in the history of the church in America, as will be seen from the following statistics.

As early as 1811 the influence of the Lutheran press began to make itself felt, at which time the Ministerium of Penn'a started a synodical organ, German, the first paper in the history of the church. * * *

To go back to the 18th century, we find that there were a number of colleges in which Lutheran clergymen held important professorships. For example will name the University of Pennsylvania and the Columbia College of New York. But Franklin College, of Lancaster (now Franklin and Marshall) was the first in which the church had any direct interest on this continent, and this was in union with the German Reformed church, with the "Rev. Dr. H. E. Muhlenberg as its first President," (established about the year 1787). The next, and first regular theological school, Hartswick Seminary, New York (the first distinctively Lutheran Institution) was established in 1816. The second and most important in the church, the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, was established in 1826, and the next institution, the one of most importance and highest standing as a college in the church—Penn'a College, was chartered by the State in 1832.

Quite a number of educational institutions have since come into existence, under the control of the Lutheran church. The total number of colleges is 17, and after Pennsylvania the most important are Wittenberg, of Springfield, Ohio, Roanoke, of Salem, Va., and Muhlenberg, of Allentown, Pa. The Theological Seminaries also are 17 in number, and academies 33, of which the most important is located at Selinsgrove, Pa., (better known as Missionary Institute). Institutions exclusively for young ladies are 15, of which Lutherville, near Baltimore, and Hagerstown, of Hagerstown, Md. are the most important. There are also 36 orphans homes, asylums, etc.

To return again to the beginning of the present century we find that there were three Synods organized—the next, the Synod of Ohio formed in 1818. The organization of the synod of Maryland and Virginia took place in 1820, and also that of the Synod of Tennessee. "The same year witnessed the formation of the general synod with its first convention at Hagerstown, Md." This may be regarded as one of the most important steps in the progress of the church, as by it a closer relation was brought about between the different synodical organizations which would materially strengthen the church at large in its work.

According to "trustworthy" statistics the Synod of South Carolina was formed before 1825. and at this date the church numbered seven Synods, 163 ministers, 442 congregations and 43,125 communicants.

According to the statistics published in 1882, which were mostly taken from reports for 1881, the church stood as follow: Synods 59, ministers 3,504, churches 6,171, communicants 801,236. It is estimated by good authority, that its increase since 1881, up to this time would not leave its membership far short of 1,000,000. This large body is divided into four grand divisions, viz:

1st The General Synod of the Ev. Lutheran church of the United States. 2d the General Council. 3d the general synod (South), and 4th Synodical Conference.

The 1st, the general synod of the E. Lutheran Church of the U. S., is composed of 23 of the 59 synods, is the oldest and most important of the four divisions met in the 31st annual convention on Wednesday, the 16 instant, at 9 a. m. in Springfield, Ohio. The present presiding officer is the Rev. Prof. C. A. Hay, D. D., of Gettysburg, Pa.

The convention will be composed of 89 reprepresentatives from the clergy and the same number from lay members, making 168 reresentatives from the 23 synods. The delegation from this district (Central Synod) are Rev. J. M. Reimensnyder, Lewistown; Rev. W. E. Fisher, Centre Hall; Rev. P. A. Heilman, Lock Haven; and Rev. J. M. Steck, Bellville, Mifflin county. Lay delegates are G. R. Frysinger, of Lewistown, J. W. Rhone, Bellefonte; W. H. Harter, Hartleton, and Hon. H. Lupfer, Juniata county. Our friend and pastor Rev. S. E. Furst, stood next highest on the Secundi.

This body has a Woman's Missionary Society that met immediately after the adjournment of Synod at the same place.

The General Synod has a Parent Education Society, Home and Foreign Missionary Boards, Church Extension Board, Children's Foreign Missionary Society, Pastors Fund and Trust, Lutheran Ministers' Mutual Ins. League, Lutheran Historical Society, and a Board of Publication. All of which make their reports to the Synod at its bi-annual meeting.

The General Synod support one Missionary in Africa (Liberia) and five in India.

The doctrine of the church is evangelical in its fullest sense. Much might be added, if time would permit, but if the readers will find any thing in the above that is new to them and of interest the writer will be fully repaid for his trouble.

J. W. RHONE.

Died by His Own Hand.

One of the most sensational suicides ever recorded in Ohio occurred at Cleveland Friday afternoon. Amasa Stone, the famous millionaire, founder of Adelbert College, and who was largely interested in the Union iron and steel works of Chicago, and Brown, Bonnell & Co., of Youngstown, Ohio, shot himself through the heart while laboring under aberration of the mind. Mr. Stone had been in ill health for many weeks and had been suffering from insomnia and indigestion. He had been confined to his home most of the time, riding out occasionally. Of late he had been getting little, if any, sleep. This morning he suffered more than usual and did not arise until the dinner hour.

A SHOCKING DISCOVERY.

About one o'clock he retired to his room to take a nap. His wife did not disturb him until about four o'clock, when she entered his room and found it empty. She found the door of the bath room adjoining closed and locked. She called her husband by name several times, and, receiving no answer, aroused the household. The butler climbed over the transom and found Mr. Stone sitting upright in the bath tub with life extinct and a large bullet hole in his left breast. By his side was a small Smith and Wesson revolver. The body was clothed in under garments and pantaloons, the indications being that he had arisen, taken a bath and partially dressed himself. It it supposed he became suddenly attacked with a fit of insanity, and while in that condition took his life No noise whatever, not even the sound of the shot, was heard by the members of the family or by the neighbors.

DEPRESSED IN SPIRITS.

Mrs. Stone says that her husband had felt very much depressed when he first made his appearance that morning and acted rather strangely. The tragedy, which created the wildest excitement, occurred in Mr. Stone's private chamber, situated on the first floor of his elegant mansion on Euclid avenue. His recent losses greatly affected him, not so much on account of the financial loss, but owing to the manner in which he prided himself in being an able financier during his lifetime. The Ashtabula bridge, which fell some years ago, causing the death of many persons, was one of his pet structures, and its loss caused him great worry. He had a constant fear that he would be made legally responsible for the loss of life occasioned by that disaster. His family relations have always been of the most pleasant character, and his wife, who is sixty-two years of age, is a very estimable lady.

STORY OF HIS LIFE.

Amasa Stone was born at Charlton, Mass., in 1818. He was the son of a farmer, and was educated at the district school. At the age of seventeen he apprenticed himself to a builder and agreed to receive the following low wages: $40 for the first year, $50 for the second and $60 for the third, furnishing his own clothing. He only served one year, however, and went into business on his own account. In 1839 he engaged with his brother-in law, Mr. William Howe, the inventor of the Howe truss bridge, in the erection of churches and houses in the vicinity of Worcester, Mass., and afterward assisted him to construct the bridge, across the Connecticut at Springfield. From that time fortune smiled on him. He resided for many years at Springfield, and was for a time superintendent of the New Haven, Hartford and Springfield railroad. In 1850 he removed to Cleveland, having previously contracted, in partnership with two other capitalists, to construct and equip the Cleveland and Columbus railroad. This was the largest contract of this character that had been entered into by any one party or firm in the United States at that time. It was successfully executed in two years, and Mr. Stone became superintendent of the road. Then came the building of the Lake Shore road. The section from Cleveland to Erie was completed in 1852, and Mr. Stone became superintendent of this also. He had been appointed director and president of roads innumerable since that time, and director of many banks and many mills. For several years he turned out more woolen goods than any other manufacturer in Ohio. He built the Union passenger depot of Cleveland. He was the first to design and erect a dome roof of a span sufficient to cover three lengths of a locomotive, and he introduced many improvements in the construction of railroad cars and locomotives. He was interested during his lifetime in the construction of more than ten miles of truss bridging.

FOUNDING ADELBERT COLLEGE.

Mr. Stone's name will be remembered in Ohio, more especially as the benefactor of the Western Reserve University. He offered $500,000 on condition that the location should be removed from Hudson to Cleveland and that Cleveland should provide an appropriate site. This offer was accepted, and a beautiful park near Lake View was selected. Work was begun last year and great progress has been made in the building of the college. The edifice was to cost about $150,000, and the remainder of Mr. Stone's gift was to be added to the $250,000 in the possession of the college as a permanent endowment fund. The new college will take the name of the Adelbert College of Western Reserve University, after the name of a son of Mr. Stone who was drowned while a student at Yale. The endowment of the Western Reserve University was not the first of Mr. Stone's generous benefactions. He presented the Children's aid society of Cleveland, property worth $50,000, and he was the founder for the Home for aged women at Cleveland. He was a trustee of a Presbyterian church, and was popular all over the west.

Mr. Stone leaves a widow and two daughters, one of whom is the wife of Colonel John Hay, recently assistant secretary of state, and the other of Mr. Samuel Mather. Colonel and Mrs. Hay sailed Friday from Liverpool, after a protracted absence abroad. The other members of the family are at home.

Baby Elephant.

Barnum is overjoyed with his acquisition—the baby elephant—and declares $20,000 could not buy it. He offers $52,000 for an insurance of the life of the infant for 52 weeks. Surely, if he knew the full value of Peruna and Manalin, he would do no such foolish thing, as they are the most successful protective medicines that have ever been introduced to the human family. No one can take any disease while taking Peruna before each meal, and keeping the bowels regular with manalin. Ask your druggist for the book on the "Ills of Life."

Miscellaneous.

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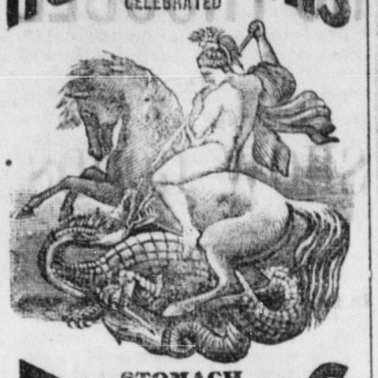

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Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

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14-21tf

All Sorts.

Mince pie has slain a Denver man.

The provincial press—A cider mill.

Artbur is not telling what he caught.

General Grant has the base ball fever.

The Czar is a firm believer in protection.

A hand-to-hand encounter—the good-bye grasp.

Prophet Wiggins has his merits. He won't lecture.

How much easier it is to tell a lie than to detect a liar.

Some alleged wit calls the pug the dude of the dog tribe.

Tampa, Florida, is destitute of marriageable maids.

Every infant that draws its first breath isn't a born artist.

The industrious ant is preparing for the picnic season.

Buck beer should be the favorite beverage of stag parties.

A thoroughbred dude always faints at the sight of a mouse.

Just in the fashion—the man with the crushed strawberry nose.

A Georgia lady is raising four acres of onions in order to obtain $1,500.

The man who tarries too long at the wine will soon "go the dogs."

To be certain of getting a bite when you go fishing, take it along with you.

Society is the mask behind which civilization attempts to hide its misery.

If you think a new broom sweeps clean, just try it on your dress suit once.

Don't destroy your last summer's straw hat. Save it for a hanging basket.

The moment a drummer feels himself insulted he is unfit for the business.

"No," said a Philadelphia belle, "no electric light for me. It can't be turned down low enough."

What is the difference between a dull razor and a bad boy? None; for they both need strapping.

"You are a great coquette," said a young man to a Madison avenue young lady. "I plead jilty," was her response.

It sometimes happens in this great and glorious country that fools make laws and wise men are obliged to obey them.

"I am going to turn over a new leaf," as the caterpiller remarked when he had successfully ruined the one he was on.

The aisle of a church is not the proper place for a sexton with squeaky boots. He should try some other kind of "ile."

A Western paper defines a dude as being one who goes silly over dress. This looks like an awful hard rap at the fair sex.

One of the most horrible suggestions ever made is that the Communists should supply the royal families with toy pistols.

There is talk that Sarah Bernhardt intends leaving her husband. If she should do so life will indeed be for him a Sahara desert.

A plumber is said to have died from overwork. It is terrible hard on a man to hug the cook and solder the sink spout at the same time.

If you ask a bald-headed man how he would prefer to be upholstered, he'll likely express a desire for mo-hair on the top of his head.

What is the difference between the passing of a full dressed lady and an enfranchised grub? One is a flutter-by and the other is a butterfly.

The mill owner who turned the fire hose upon some of his disorderly employes explained his conduct by saying he was only washing his hands.

Fatal Shooting.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 16.—A fatal shooting occurred to day in Howard county in which Charles Ridgley, aged about 60 years, was shot and killed by Charles Edward Hanson, aged about 35 years. Both gentlemen were farmers, neighbors and friends and the members of the families as well known and respected as any in Maryland. It seems that White went to Hanson's this morning on a matter of business. As he left the house Hanson came up and fired three shots from a pistol, killing White. It is said that Hanson has recently shown evidence of insanity, and the coroner's jury this afternoon rendered a verdict that he was insane.

Erie's Experience.

Another Cure utterly without a Precedent.

ERIE, PA., Sept. 10, 1881.

Dr. Hartman: I cannot but express my thanks to you for the great benefit I received from the use of Peruna and Manalin. One bottle of each placed me squarely on my feet, after a long sickness, which had laid me in bed and then left me lame and crippled. Three days' use of these remedies dispensed with the cane, and in a week I was perfectly well.

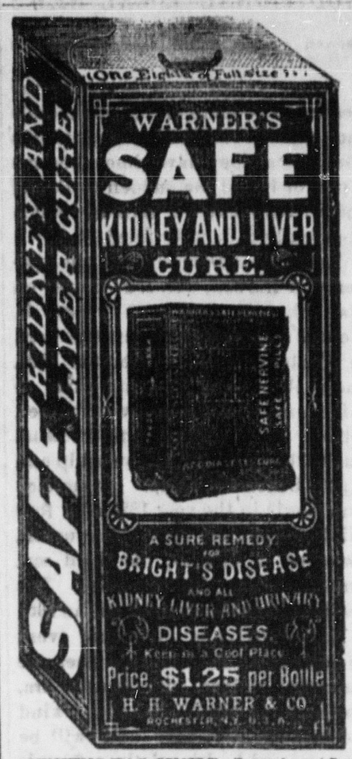
N. J. WRIGHT,
Business Agent, Erie *Evening Herald.*

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's book on the "Ills of Life." He will give it gratis. If not, address Dr. H., at Osborn, O.

"Love for the dead should not cramp our duty to the living," remarked the enthusiastic angler, as he sat down to a mess of trout, the result of his own prowess.

Daniel Cosgrove, James' Creek, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters entirely cured me of a distressing case of dyspepsia."

Medical.



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enriches the blood and purifies the system; cures weakness, lack of energy, etc. Try a bottle.

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Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Christian Bowman.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the above estate, all persons indebted to same estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

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HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON,
M'FARLANE
& CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Dr. Sherman.

Rupture

Relieved and cured by Dr. J. A. SHERMAN'S method, without regard to age or duration of the affliction, or the injury trusses inflict, or hindrance from labor, and with security from strangulation—of which, according to statistics, not less than 30,000 died during the past year. No one is safe who has a rupture and depends upon a truss; both are a physical and mental tax; bring on kidney, bladder and other organic diseases, which affect general health more than age or labor, besides affecting manhood and destroying all incentives to social pleasure.

Patients from abroad can receive treatment and leave for home same day. Dr. Sherman's book, with photographic likenesses of bad cases, before and after cure, and indorsements by Physicians, Merchants, Farmers and others who have been cured, mailed for 10c. Send for it and inform yourself. Principal office, 251 Broadway, N. Y.; days of consultation each week, Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays. 15 18 4t

His Soul and His Silver.

"Your asking me how I came to use it," reminds me of the story of the Scotchman who, on his death-bed, after a life of meanness, wanted to make things all right with the Lord by leaving some money to the kirk."

"'Will the Almighty pass me into Heaven if I give 10,000 pounds to the kirk, d'ye think?' said he."

"'I can't promise ye thot, mon,' answered the minister, 'but I advise ye to try the experiment.'"

Laughing heartily at the story, Rev. F. E. Osborne, of No. 278 Ogden avenue, Jersey City, pastor of the First Baptist Church, West Hoboken, continued: "That's what I did with PARKER'S TONIC; I tried the experiment. It more than met my expectations, and I am very glad to testify to its excellence. It goes at once to the root of all digestive and nervous derangements so common among men of my profession. For women and chronic invalids the Tonic is a perfect invigorant, and is destined to supplant all other remedies for this purpose. A single dose produces the gentle perspiration and sense of life which eradicates disease. It seems to rouse every organ into activity. I admire it, too, for its power to antagonize the hold of the liquor habit over inebriates."

This preparation, which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will hereafter be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. As unprincipled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers with inferior articles under the name of ginger; and as ginger is really an unimportant flavoring ingredient, we drop the misleading word.

There will be no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the facsimile signature of HISCOX & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper. 18-4t

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary upon the estate of George Jack, late of Harris township deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against his estate are desired to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

MARY H. JACK, } Executors.
WM. McFARLANE, }
P. O address, Boalsburg, Pa. 15-15-6t

PLANTS and SEEDS
—FOR—
EVERYBODY.

Our Illustrated Catalogue and Book of Flowers. Free to All, will tell you how Safely, Easily and Cheaply you can buy them. Address,
15 6t HARRY CHAAPEL,
Williamsport, Pa.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants, and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains about 175 pages, 600 illustrations, prices, accurate descriptions and valuable directions for planting 1500 varieties of Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Invaluable to all, especially to Market Gardeners. Send for it!
D. M. FERRY & CO. DETROIT MICH.
15 18 3t

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices 14-39-1y

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 8 1 1y

Free 25 Useful Articles, 4 Beautiful FLORAL CHROMO CARDS, size 5x3, and an Illustrated BOOK to all who send two 3c. stamps for postage and packing. Mention this paper. E. G. RIDEOUT & CO., New York. 15-6-1y

W. P. Duncan & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,
Steam Engines,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
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Miscellaneous.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF
A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.

Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

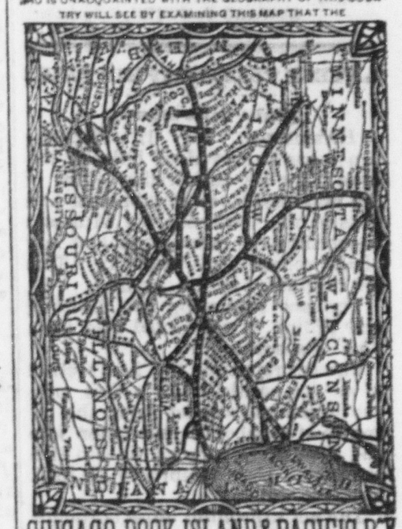
Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

14-44-1y

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

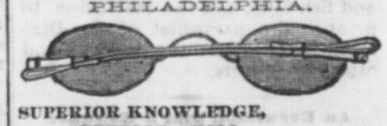
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.

14-34-1y

QUEEN & CO.
THE GREAT OPTICIANS,
924 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.



SUPERIOR KNOWLEDGE,
SUPERIOR SKILL,
SUPERIOR LENSES and
SUPERIOR FACILITIES

For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.

LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.

Do not trifle with your eyes by taking UNSUITABLE GLASSES.

Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 186 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 114 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.

14 23-1y

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,

No. 206 Second st., Above Race,

PHILADELPHIA,

For 36 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-39-1y*

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

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Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine jan1 domawly

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Eight Bills Signed.

HARRISBURG, May 17.—The governor has approved of bills as follows: The act authorizing cities of the first class to issue subpœnas and to take the testimony of witnesses concerning the management of any of the accounts of said city. This bill originated in the house.

The act regulating the hunting and killing of web footed wild fowl. This is a house bill.

The act repealing the first section of an act entitled "An act to prevent mischiefs arising from the increase of vagabonds and other idle and disorderly persons within this province," passed February 21, 1867. A house bill.

The act to prohibit cities, boroughs and municipalities from levying any license or mercantile tax upon persons taking orders for goods or merchandise by sample for individuals, or companies who pay a license, or mercantile tax at their chief place of business, and also to prohibit the collection of such licenses or mercantile taxes. A house bill.

The act fixing the standard weight of a bushel of potatoes. A house bill.

The act to amend the first section of an act, approved June 11, 1879, entitled "A supplement to an act for the regulation of boroughs, approved April 3, 1851," so as to include all incorporated boroughs. A house bill.

The act to prevent the exemption of property on judgment obtained for $50 or less for wages for manual labor. A house bill.

The act to repeal an act authorizing clerks of markets to weigh butter, lard and sausage, etc. A house bill.

The governor has also approved the concurrent resolution to print 6,000 copies of the amended game and fish laws, and the resolution to print in the pamphlet of the Dixmont investigation the majority and minority reports.

An Excursion and a Banquet.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The United States steamers Tallapoosa and Ewing and the steamboat George Leary to-day conveyed the members of the Society of the Army of the Potomac and a number of invited guests to Mount Vernon. A collation was served on each of the boats and the trip down the river was enlivened by army songs and impromptu speeches. After remaining two hours at Mount Vernon the veterans re-embarked and were brought back to the city, arriving here shortly after 5 p. m. Resolutions were passed by the visiting members of the society expressing their thanks for the hospitality shown by the Washington branch through the reception committee and by the officers of the boats. The weather was perfect and no untoward event marred the enjoyment of the excursion.

A banquet to-night at Abner's summer garden closed the reunion of the Army of the Potomac. About 400 members of the Society of the Army of the Potomac and citizens of Washington sat down to well filled tables in the quadrangular garden which was beautifully decorated, with evergreens, flowers and bunting, and from the galleries a brilliant assemblage largely composed of ladies over-looked the scene.

Charged with Conspiracy.

DUBLIN, May 16.—Daniel Delaney, charged with conspiracy to murder, was arraigned to-day and pleaded guilty. Edward McCaffrey, who last week was arraigned on the same charge, withdrew his plea of not guilty. Sentences were deferred. Thomas Martin, indicted for conspiracy to murder, pleaded guilty, but was allowed his liberty on his undertaking to leave the country. Kingston and Gibney were then arraigned on the charge of conspiracy to murder and both pleaded not guilty.

The Cyclone's Work.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Reports of damage from the cyclone last evening have been received here from nearly all quarters of the state and the northwest. News from Wisconsin tells of great damage. A Racine dispatch says that the first cyclone in the history of that city struck Racine at 7 o'clock last night, passing through the extreme northwestern portion of the city, demolishing 150 houses and barns and killing about twenty persons, beside injuring about one hundred others more or less seriously. The day was ushered in bright and cool, with a fresh wind blowing from the southeast. Toward noon the sky became overcast and at about 4 o'clock a sharp electric storm prevailed, although but little rain fell. The sun again came out for about an hour during the afternoon, the temperature being about seventy degrees. Toward 6 o'clock heavy masses of clouds again gathered in the west, portending a storm, and the air was oppressively warm. The cyclone was announced by the breaking of the clouds and struck the earth with a noise that might be compared with the roar and rumble of a thousand trains thundering over a bridge. The path of the storm is a little over half a mile long and perhaps a quarter of a mile wide. In this territory a building is left standing here and there. Brick and frame houses alike collapsed and their sites are marked only by heaps of debris.

CARLINSVILLE, Ill., May 20.—The residence of Frank Rice and George Baker, several miles south of this place, was utterly demolished by the storm of Friday night. Mrs. Frank Rice and Mrs. George Baker and two of the latter's grandchildren were killed outright and three other persons were seriously wounded, one of whom will likely die. In the vicinity of Plainview a number of houses were wrecked, one person was killed and several were wounded. A dispatch from Mason City, Illinois, says the residence of C. A. Stone was destroyed by Friday night's storm. Hannah Race, a servant, was carried by the cyclone about forty yards and instantly killed. A young child was also killed and seven other inmates of the house were more or less seriously injured.

Railroad Works Destroyed.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., May 19.—A disastrous fire broke out this evening at the shops of the Pennsylvania railroad company, on the Hackensack Meadows, midway between Jersey City and Newark. The fire resulted in the total destruction of the paint, upholstering and cabinet shops, all contained in a large one-story brick building, 400 by 175 feet. The fire was discovered breaking out of the roof of the cabinet shop by a watchman, named John Murphy shortly before 6 o'clock. He at once gave the alarm and the few men about the place stretched the fire hose in a vain endeavor to cope with the flames. Word was then telegraphed to Jersey City but by some mistake at the central office the message was sent to the police department instead of the fire headquarters. When the message was finally delivered engine companies No. 9, and No. 11, together with No. 3 and No. 5 hook and ladder companies, were despatched to the scene by Chief Farrier.

The firemen found engine No. 7 at the Hackensack bridge awaiting instructions, as it could not leave the city limits without orders. When the firemen reached the scene they were unable to save the shop, although they rendered efficient service in preventing the flames from spreading to the adjoining buildings. When the fire was first discovered the shop contained three Pullman coaches, one of which was saved, though badly scorched, eighteen coaches, of the Eastlake design, three locomotives and six tenders, together with a vast quantity of paints, cushions, plush and other car fittings. The watchmen succeeded in pulling a freight engine from the building, but were unable to save another and a large locomotive owned by the New York, West Shore and Buffalo railroad company. The building is a complete wreck, the bare walls, which are so badly bulged and cracked that they will have to be pulled down, alone remaining. The loss is estimated as follows: On building, $80,000; two Pullman coaches, $52,000; two locomotives, $24,000; eighteen passenger coaches, $144,000; six tenders, $12,000; total, $312,000.

A Governor Nominated.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 17.—As no ballot was taken after the sixth last night the convention adjourned till ten o'clock this morning. During the seventh ballot, on which the man receiving the lowest number of votes was to be dropped, much confusion existed which resulted finally in the withdrawal of Owsley, and later on in the retirement of Buckner. A hot fight then began between Knott and Jones, which resulted in the nomination of J. Proctor Knott, Jones having been withdrawn to save a party squabble. Knott was declared the nominee for governor. The balloting for the lieutenant governor was progressing without result at 6 o'clock, when the convention adjourned.

Failures the Past Week.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The business failures throughout the country as reported to the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co., during the last seven days, number 171 as against 156 last week: New England, 25; middle states, 24; southern, 30; western, 56; Pacific states and territories, 12; Canada, 17; New York city, 7.

Western Cyclones.

GALVESTON, Texas., May 18.—A *News'* Denison special says: Yesterday a cyclone struck the west side of this city at about 10 o'clock. A small house, occupied by the family of James Burch, was blown to atoms and Miss Burch and a child were seriously injured. The Baptist church was entirely demolished. The brick residence of Andrews and McMurtry was blown down. Mrs. McMurtry and her mother were buried in the debris, but it is thought they were not fatally injured. The colored school house was torn from its foundations and badly wrecked. Many houses were similarly moved. Fences and shade trees also suffered. The cyclone lasted only a minute, but the rain fell in torrents.

OMAHA, Neb., May 18.—A cyclone swept through the eastern portion of this state yesterday evening. It wrecked several houses and two schoolhouses at Valparaiso and fatally injured a woman and two children. The wires are down, and details are unobtainable. The cyclone touched the southwest portion of Omaha, doing slight damage to several houses, but injuring no persons.

Another Vanderbilt Acquisition.

PITTSBURG, May 18.—It is stated to-night, on authority that is considered reliable, that H. W. Oliver, Jr., acting for the Economite Society, has disposed of all their stock in the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, 12,000 shares, to Wm. H. Vanderbilt, at the rate of $175 per share. The transaction was closed in New York three days ago, but has been kept quiet, and little, in addition to the bare announcement of the transfer, can be obtained.

The sale gives Vanderbilt control of the road which he has been striving to obtain for more than a year. It was built in 1878, and extends from this city to Youngstown, O., where it connects with the Vanderbilt system. It has been considered for three years to be one of the most valuable railroad properties in the State, and its value will be greatly enhanced by the construction of the South Pennsylvania.

Distribution of Anthracite Coal.

PHILADELPHIA, May 20.—The accountant of the anthracite coal combination has prepared the following statement showing the general distribution of the entire production of anthracite coal in 1882: To Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey, 19,957,789 tons; to New England states, 5,064,785 tons; to western states, 2,213,107 tons; to southern states, including Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, 1,168,730 tons; to the Pacific coast, 49,065 tons; to the dominion of Canada, 616,875 tons; to foreign ports, 49,735 tons; total, 29,120,076 tons. The production of anthracite coal last month was 1,511,760 tons, an increase of 375,907 tons as compared with the corresponding month last year, and for the four months this year 8,900,961 tons, an increase of 1,224,245 tons, as compared with the corresponding period last year.

How a Feud Ended.

ENTERPRISE, Miss., May 18.—Dr. J. M. Byrd, a prominent young physician of Paulding, shot and killed Captain W. M. Brame, ex-sheriff of Jasper county, to-day in the streets of Paulding. They began firing almost simultaneously when about forty yards apart and advanced close enough for Brame to strike Byrd with a stick. Both parties exhausted their pistols. Brame died almost instantly from a shot received in the right side. Byrd was uninjured except by a blow from Brame's stick. A feud had existed between the men for some time. While the affray was not unexpected it is greatly deplored on account of the prominence of the parties.

Progress in the Star Route Trial.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Owing to the illness of juror George B. Sheriff, no progress was made in the star route trial to-day. Before the court adjourned, Judge Wylie referred to the crazy lawyer, England, who still frequents the court house, and declared that it was a disgrace that the authorities had not taken charge of him. The court had ordered the bailiffs to exclude him from the court house, and for this he had threatened to shoot the court. Of course, this threat would have been disregarded had the man been sane, but as it was, no one knew what whim might be acted upon by the unfortunate. The court then adjourned until to-morrow.

A Mysterious Box.

LONDON, May 20.—A box with fuse attached was discovered on the steps of the Peterborough cathedral to-day. When examined at the police station it was found to contain four bottles filled with liquids, together with numerous wires and springs. On the lid of the box was the representation of a skull and bones, with the words, "Beware of the Invincibles' army." The box was marked, "Depot branch office 57 Broadwood street, New York." On a slip of paper inside the box were words, "Conscience makes cowards of all men." Although the affair is considered a hoax, worshipers at the cathedral were much alarmed.

High Prices for two Cows.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The semi-annual sale of important Jersey cattle, belonging to T. S. Cooper, of Coopersburg, Pa., was begun here to-day. There was a large attendance of breeders and dealers in live stock. The cow "Distaff" brought $1500, and the cow "Daisy of St. Pors sold for $2150.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Death of an Aged and Respected Man.

We are called upon to record the death of one more of those venerable men who have lived so long in this county that they have almost become a part of it and the sudden ending of their lives makes a vacancy which apparently cannot be filled.

Mr. Thomas Davis died at the residence of his son, Mr. I. F. Davis, on May 10, 1883, aged 82 years, 11 months and 23 days. He was born in Chester county in the year 1800, and at the age of 18 years came to this county with his widowed mother, settling near Wallow Run in what was at that time Boggs township and is now Union township. He married Ann Lewis in the year 1826 and four children resulted from this union. Two died in infancy, his third son, Francis, dying May 22, 1874. The death of his wife occurred on the 13th of March, 1871, and after that event he moved to Julian Furnace where he has since resided with his son Ira, who survives him. He was a kind and indulgent father and will be much missed by his relatives, friends and neighbors, as he had a large circle of acquaintances where he last resided.

As we stood by thy couch where thy weary form lay,
To watch the last gleam of life's sun fade away;
As we silently listened a voice seemed to say:
"Well done, faithful servant, thy life work is done;
Enter into my joy and sit down on my throne."

I. F. D.

—Call at Sechler's store for fresh groceries when you come to town.

An Expression of Gratitude.

Our friend, Mr. John Moore, was much pleased with the result of the entertainment on Tuesday evening of and expresses his gratitude in the following feeling note:

BELLEFONTE, May 16, 1883.

MR. EDITOR: It is of ordinary occurrence for one's own townsmen to treat an enterprise which originates among them with cruel indifference; sometimes even with discouragement.

But not so with the citizens at my home. My heart is filled with gratitude at the proof I received last evening from the people of this place that they wish me success. The Opera House crowded with Bellefonte's very best citizens, giving their *hearty* applause, is something I keenly appreciate and shall never forget.

J. W. MOORE.

—While in Bellefonte step into the grocery store of Harry Teats & Co.

Mr. Thomas Burnside's Appointment.

We are inclined to felicitate our respected citizen, Thomas Burnside, Esq., upon the good fortune which is now his. He has received from the President an appointment giving him authority to act for the government in certain matters relating to the valuable mineral and timber lands of Missouri. We are glad he secured the appointment as he deserved it. We wish him much success in the pursuit of his new duties.

—Martin Fable, Sr., probably the oldest citizen of Lock Haven, died in that city on Saturday morning at 3 o'clock, aged 90 years, 7 months and 14 days. He was born in Flonheim, Germany, in 1792. In 1802 the territory in which he lived became part of France. Mr. Fable entered the French military service under Napoleon I. in 1812. He came to this country in 1854 and settled in Lock Haven.

Three War Governors.

Ex-Governor A. G. Curtin says that only three of the eighteen war governors who assembled at the Altoona conference in 1862 now survive. He is one of them, Sprague, of Rhode Island, and Kirkwood, of Iowa, completing the trio. Governor Curtin, in person, communicated to President Lincoln the object of the conference. These facts he gave to a Philadelphia reporter on Tuesday, the 15th.

—Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store is a credit to Bellefonte.

—It is real provoking to be caught in a heavy rain without an umbrella, but some people carry the umbrella business to an extreme. Now, there's Chas. Hewes, Esq. As fine a day as last Friday proved to be he strode along with that um—well we can't account for it except on the hypothesis that he's afraid old Sol will injure his complexion.

More Success for the Moore Children.

A telegram from Philipsburg at 10 o'clock on Monday assures us that the Moore children entertainment in that place on Saturday evening was very successful and they may rest assured of a large audience if they visit that place again. Their tour thus far has been very satisfactory.

—We would call attention to the advertisement of "The Geo. A. Stone Nursery Co.," of Rochester, N. Y., who are in want of a few more salesmen.

Ex-Judge Samuel Linn, of Williamsport, was in town on Saturday.

—The practical utility to business men of the telephone received an excellent illustration at Houtzdale on Tuesday, the 15th: A stranger appeared at the Houtzdale bank and presented a check for $160 purporting to have been drawn in his favor by the firm of D. K. Ramey & Co. The young man at the cashier's desk received the check and had counted the money out preparatory to handing it to the stranger, when the teller of the bank glanced at the check and noticing as he imagined, something suspicious about it went the telephone and called to D. K. Ramey & Co. His suspicions were verified, when the stranger turned on his heel and precipitately fled. The probabilities are that the individual will be captured in a day or two, as a very good clue to his identity has been obtained.

—Do no delay, but go immediately to Sechler's store for groceries.

—The Susquehanna & Southwestern R. R., company have determined to build an iron viaduct over the Moshannon creek. It will be 105 feet high and 700 feet long. There is some of the grandest scenery imaginable between Snow Shoe and the Moshannon, which will be taken advantage of, the company having in prospect a very fine summer resort hotel on the summit between the Black and Big Moshannon. To this spot the name of Gorton Heights has been given, after A. C. Gorton, a gentleman connected with the railroad enterprise.

—A German has invented a safe which has an attachment that will explode an electric light and photograph the burglar who may attempt to tamper with it. And just here it's appropriate to emphasize the fact that Sechler has reduced the prices of groceries amazingly.

—Valentines & Co. expect to occupy their new store rooms in the Bush Arcade about the first of next July.

DIRECTORY

OF

BELLEFONTE BUSINESS HOUSES, ARTISANS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Bakers.

JOSEPH CRADER, 8 Bishop St.
J. H. SANDS, 23 Allegheny St., E. side.

Barbers.

M. S. GRAHAM, bath room, basement Conrad House.
R. A. BECK, under First National bank.

Books and Stationery and News Depot.

JNO. C. MILLER & CO., 3 High St. next door post office.

Boots and Shoes.

JNO. POWERS & SON, 43 High St.
DOLL & MINGLE, 10 Brockerhoff Row.

Bottling Establishment.

JNO. ANDERSON, 65 High St., south side.

Butchers.

JOHN BEEZER, North High street, near Centre Co. bank.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High street.

Contractors and Builders.

E. B. & F. P. GREENE, 46 Water st.

Cigars and Tobacco.

CHARLES RINE, High street, opposite depot.

Cigar Manufacturers.

H. C. WEAVER, First National bank building.

China, Glass and Queensware.

W. H. WILKINSON, 16 & 18 Allegheny street.

Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade, new addition, High St.

Coal and Grain.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN, near depot.

Carriage Manufactory.

J. R. BARTRUFF, near water works.

Dry Goods.

VALENTINES STORE CO., limited, Humes block, Allegheny St.

Drugs and Medicines.

DR. M. A. KIRK, 41 Bush Arcade, High St.

Furs, Hides and Leather.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Agt., Bush Arcade, High St.

Furniture.

JOHN BRACHBILL, 20 Spring street.

Gunsmith—Sporting Goods.

THEO. DESCHNER, High street.

Groceries.

HARRY TEATS & CO., High St., oppo. Bush House.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High St.
V. G. BAUER & CO., 6 Bishop St.

General Merchandise.

C. U. HOFFER & CO., 7 Allegheny st.

Harness Makers.

J. H. McCLURE & SON, 10 Bishop St.
JAMES SCOFIELD, 13 Spring St.

Hotels.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, C. G. McMillen, proprietor.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of Lumber.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.
PHŒNIX PLANING MILL CO.

Merchant Tailors.

W. I. FLEMING, Humes' block, Allegheny St (repairing).

Millinery.

MISS M. L. MacBRIDE, 29 Allegheny St.
MISS MARY C. AMMERMAN, 18 Bishop St.

Paints and Paper Hanging.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, 50 High St.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH, 15 Allegheny st.
JOHN BARNES, 48 High st.

Snow Shoe Coal and Coke.

BERWIND, WHITE & CO., Race St., near Bush House.

Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments.

BUNNELL & AIKENS, 1 Bishop st.

Stoves and Tinware.

W. T. TWITMIRE, 45 High st., Bush Arcade.

Watchmakers.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.
FRANK GALBRAITH, 74 High st., opp. depot.

Optician.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.

Goldsmith Brothers.

NO TROUBLE

TO

SHOW GOODS.

In this spirit all visitors are received at the

Bee Hive

One Price Stores

Whether you intend to purchase, or are only

"Looking to see where you can do the best."

In fact the better a person is acquainted with prices and goods elsewhere, the more certain we are to secure their patronage.

Nothing is better known to the community at large than that for low prices and excellent variety of goods we

Take the Lead

Over and above all other competitors.

Dress Goods,

SILKS,
SHAWLS,
DOMESTICS,
LINENS,
RIBBONS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS,

SILKS,
SHAWLS,
DOMESTICS,
LINEN
RIBBONS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS,

Carpets and Oil Cloths,

Merchant Tailoring,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Hats and Caps,

TRUNKS AND SATCHELS,

Also Manufacturers of the celebrated

"BEE HIVE OVERALLS,"

best in the world.

GOLDSMITH BROS,

Bee Hive

One Price Stores,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

N. B.—Don't lose sight of the fact that we are still retailing Carpets 25 per cent. cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere.

15-43

A Bellefonte Citizen in the "Great North-west."

Mr. J. Willard Miller, the General Secretary of the Bellefonte Y. M. C. A., contributes to our columns the following correspondence from Racine, Wis., where the General Secretaries' convention was held on Saturday and Sunday, May 12 and 13:

RACINE, WIS., May 15, 1883.

Racine is a characteristic western city on Lake Michigan. For the past two days the constant rain has rendered it cold and disagreeable. Spring has hardly begun and such weather as Pennsylvanians experienced six weeks ago prevails here now. The wind from the lake, always blowing, adds to the general disagreeableness of things and one young man has concluded the "Great North-west" will never be his adopted land.

This city has a population of about 18,000, most of whom find employment in fanning-mill factories, woolen mills and shops. The lake waters threatened to waste a portion of the town by washing away the banks. Consequently several years ago huge piles were driven quite around the peninsula on which the city was built, and yesterday the waves mounted the tops of these to lash their rage on the artificial stone quay behind them. Our landlady so alarmed us by presenting the dangers to small boats that no venture was made on the waters.

The streets are not cobbled and being of sandy nature, they are now exceedingly muddy. The houses are to a great extent built of pale, yellow, mouldy-looking brick, and Racinians tell you "they are Milwaukee brick," evidently not caring to own them.

The people are pushing, shrewd and, withal, very hospitable. On several occasions we have dropped into houses and places of business, and an utter stranger was treated with careful attention. Many have come from the East to make fortunes, and we just run across a Bellefonter who had wondered here.

Unusual excitement prevailed here last Sunday owing to two causes First, the largest gathering of Christian workers ever visiting the city was holding meetings all day. An unusual spectacle was the sight of over two hundred persons in double file moving towards the Blake Opera House singing "We're marching to Zion." An hour before meeting time the street about the opera house doors was filled with men waiting for admission to the services. In fifteen minutes after the doors opened the house was densely packed with about 1500. Eighty asked for prayer at the close of the meeting and a large number professed conversion. The Bellefonte secretary at the same hour attended a boys' meeting elsewhere. Forty-two boys remained at the boys' inquiry meeting and prayer and personal advice were given to twelve of these.

A second cause of excitement on Sunday was the fact that the new mayor's edict ordered all saloons closed, contrary to the custom of western cities. It was surprising to hear the many expressions of friendship on the part of those who looked indifferently or unfavorably on this pronunciamento last week. The mayor's name is Fish, and such ridiculous placards as this were seen in saloon windows: "I've got a bite," "Gone Fish-ing."

To-morrow we leave the "Bello City" for Milwaukee. X.

—Money saved by purchasing groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

Two Religious Gatherings.

The report of the board of foreign missions to the Lutheran general synod, now in session at Springfield, Ohio, showed sixty-six per cent. increase of contributions in churches for the last two years. The receipts were $50,000. Reference was made to the fact that missionaries of the Baptist society entered the Lutheran field in India, but was believed by the home Baptist board to be right in the matter. The synod pledged the foreign missionary board $60,000 for the next two years. Reports and resolutions called forth a lively enthusiasm, because of their encouraging nature.

The ninety-fifth general assembly of the Presbyterian church of the United States and the twelfth since the reunion, convened at the First Presbyterian church, Saratoga, at 11 o'clock Thursday forenoon. A tedeum was chanted by the church choir. Prayer was made by the Rev. Dr. Brown, of Fredericksburg, Va. The Rev. Dr. J. Addison Henry, of Philadelphia, read a selection of Scriptures. The Rev. Dr. Everard Kempshall, of Elizabeth, N. J., then prayed. The retiring moderator, the Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, delivered the annual sermon.

—It is to your interest to purchase groceries at the new store of Harry Teats & Co.'s, opposite Bush House.

Medical Men in Bellefonte and Vicinity.

Dr. Seibert, formerly of Newport Perry county, arrived in this place a few days ago and moved with his family into the residence on Spring street vacated by J. W. Gephart, Esq. Dr. Seibert has associated himself with Dr. T. R. Hayes in the practice of medicine, and entered upon his duties on Monday—although he really did accompany Dr. Hayes in his round of visits the previous day, but as that was Sunday he will call Monday his first professional day in Bellefonte. Dr. Seibert, although a young man, has had the advantage of extensive preparation for his profession, and is possessed of unusual ability. He is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania and has practiced a long time. He is a very pleasing gentleman and Dr. Hayes' extensive practice will receive the most careful and able attention from him.

Dr. Hayes and lady expect to embark from New York City on Wedesday, the 13th of June. They will sail in the same steamer which carried the Wistar Morris party so safely across the sea, the voyage being accomplished in exactly eight days.

While we are discussing the medical fraternity it is *apropos* to state that Dr. George Rishel expects to locate at Potter's Bank where the recent decease of the late lamented Dr. Aaron S. Weaver leaves an opening for a talented young physician.

—A war among the railroads in reference to western passenger rates is promised. This will be very satisfactory to persons who may be compelled to journey toward the Pacific coast. Meanwhile, those who remain at home will continue to purchase groceries of Sechler & Co., and will be just as well satisfied with the result.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

WE have on our table the June number of the *North American Review*. This number is full of unusual interest. The article on "American Manufacturing Interests" by Joseph Nimmo, Jr., will be of especial interest to readers in this section. In this article he shows how much the agriculturist depends upon the manufacturer and how important to the farmer it is that our manufacturing industries should be protected. There is also a symposium on the "Moral Influence of the Drama," in which both sides are ably discussed by able disputants. Published at 30 Lafayette Place, New York, at 50 cents a number; $5 a year.

PHONOGRAPHIC MONTHLY.—The April number of the *Phonographic Monthly* is before us. This magazine is in the interest of reporters and short-hand writers and gives much interesting information to students in phonography. Phonographic, Stenographic and Newspaper Repository. Published by D. L. Scott-Browne, 23 Clinton Place, New York. 20 cents a copy; $2 a year.

THE PEACEMAKER.—The March, April and May numbers of this magazine have been received. The *Peacemaker*, as its name indicates, is devoted to the interest of "Peace on Earth, Good Will to Men." The cause is right, and the journal is interesting, neatly printed and ably edited. We hope it may be a constant visitor to our sanctum. It is published by the Universal Peace Union, 813 Arch street, Philadelphia, at 10 cents a copy; $1.00 a year.

"THE TROUT OF AMERICAN WATERS."—We are indebted to William C. Harris, editor, for an illustrated copy of this magazine. "*The Trout of American Waters*" treats solely of the trout family of fishes; habits, habitat, structure, tackle used, when, where and how to capture, etc., etc. Also a copy of their regular issue, *The American Angler*, which has been enlarged to twenty pages. This book would be of great interest in a county like this where trout streams are numerous and lovers of this sport so plenty. Address *The American Angler*, 252 Broadway, New York. Terms, $3.00 a year. We shall be glad to receive this magazine regularly and will extend the usual courtesies.

THE FLORAL CABINET for May is on our table. This magazine is replete with interest to all lovers of flowers, and should be in the hands of every lady who has the care of plants. It is beautifully illustrated, printed on white paper and in clear type. The number before us is Vol. 12, No. 5; so it is no new candidate for public favor. It is published at No. 22 Vesey Street, New York, at $1.25 per year, and it is well worth the money. We recommend it to the ladies of Centre county.

THE WHEELMAN.—The April and May numbers of the *Wheelman* have been received. This is the first visit of this magazine to our table, and we find it a very interesting visitor. It is beautifully illustrated, printed on fine book paper and especially champions the cause of lovers of the bicycle, tricle, and wheelmen and boys generally. It is filled with interesting stories of trips on these conveyances in all parts of the country and news from clubs, instructions as to use, etc. We notice a story of a "Trip Through Eastern Pennsylvania," "A Shadow Lover," "My Two Hundred and Thirty-four Rides on No. 734," "A Wheel to the Gold Mines of Cummins City" and other matters of interest. Published by *The Wheelman Co.*, 608 Washington street, Boston, Mass. Terms, $2.00 a year.

GODY'S LADY'S BOOK for June comes to us as full of interest as ever; our lady says (and she is the best judge) better than ever. The new management seem determined that it shall remain the best fashion magazine in the country, as it is the oldest. Established before the use of envelopes or postage stamps, before the introduction of steam printing, steam railways, steamships in this country, or steamboats to any extent, before the invention of steel pens, telegraphy, telephones, sewing machines, electric lights, and a hundred and one other prominent inventions of the age, and like old wine it improves with age. Certainly this publication which has lived through the last half century, growing better as each year rolls round, is entitled to the respect and patronage of the readers of the present, so replete is it with fashion news and stories. Publication office, No. 1006 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CITY AND COUNTRY for May has appeared, filled with its usual instructive and interesting matter and more illustrations than ever. This is a good paper for the farmer, and should be read by all the farmers of this county. It will interest the whole family, having a Household Department of special interest to the ladies. It also exposes all swindles without fear or favor. A sample copy of this paper will be sent to any of our readers if they will mention this paper. Address, Will C. Turner & Co., 217, 219 & 221 N. High street, Columbus, Ohio.

Business and Other Notices.

Suits made to your own measure for $15.00. Leave your order to-day. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

WELLS' "ROUGH ON CORNS."—Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15 cts. Quick, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

DON'T DIE IN THE HOUSE.—"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, flies, ants, chipmunks, gophers. 15c.

SKINNY MEN.—"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses invariably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a *test* which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by John Harris.

Miscellaneous.

Now is the Time

TO SECURE

YOUR OWN HOMES!

75 of the Most Desirable Lots

In the Borough of

MILESBURG,

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

For particulars apply to J. M. GREEN, Milesburg, or F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, executors of JOS. GREEN, deceased. ap26dAwtf

ESTATE OF SAMUEL STINE, late of Howard township, deceased. Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them without delay to

MARY STINE, Roland, Pa or
C. H. HORNING,
15 20 6t Administrator.

Boots and Shoes.

BEST ACKNOWLEDGED BY ALL THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES. LATEST STYLES PERFECT FITTING. TO BE "THE BEST MADE." FINISH MATERIAL SUPERIOR SOLD BY

REYNOLDS BRO'S CELEBRATED FINE SHOES FOR LADIES & MISSES.

Doll & Mingle,

Allegheny Street,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Also a large line of

MEN'S FINE BOOTS.

Boots, Shoes and Slippers

FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

Repairing neatly and Promptly done at moderate prices.

15-19-1f

NOTICE OF APPEALS.—Appeals will be held at the Commissioners' office, in Bellefonte, Pa., for the several boroughs and townships as follows:

Patton township, Monday, June 4.
Half Moon township, Monday, June 4.
Ferguson township, Tuesday, June 5.
Harris township, Wednesday, June 6.
College township, Wednesday, June 6.
Potter township, Thursday, June 7.
Gregg township, Friday June 8.
Penn township, Monday, June 11.
Millheim borough, Monday June 11.
Haines township, Tuesday, June 12.
Miles township, Tuesday, June 12.
Walker township, Wednesday, June 13.
Marion township, Wednesday, June 13.
Howard borough, Thursday, June 14.
Howard township, Thursday, June 14.
Liberty township, Friday, June 15.
Curtin township, Friday, June 15.
Boggs township, Monday June 18.
Milesburg borough, Monday, June 18.
Huston township, Tuesday, June 19.
Union township, Tuesday, June 19.
Unionville borough, Tuesday, June 19.
Worth township, Wednesday, June 20.
Taylor township, Wednesday, June 20.
Burnside township, Wednesday, June 20.
Rush township, Thursday, June 21.
Philipsburg, Thursday, June 21.
Snow Shoe, Friday, June 22.
Benner township, Friday, June 22.
Spring township, Monday, June 25.
Bellefonte, Tuesday, June 26.

From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m. each day the assessors with their assessments (assistants not required) are required to be in attendance.

JOHN WOLF,
H. C. CAMPBELL,
Attest, A. J. GREIST,
W. MILES WALKER, Commissioners.
Clerk. 15 19 3t

SALESMEN WANTED to sell nursery stock. Full line of new and valuable specialties. Permanent employment and good salary to successful agents. Address, giving age and references, THE GEO. A STONE NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y. 15-20-4t

Lyon & Co.

LYON & CO.

For Men.

A LIST OF A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS WE HAVE:

An all wool Cassimere Suit, light colors, at $7.00, former price, $10.00.
A good pair of Pants, 75c. and $1.00.
A pair of elegant spring-bottom black basket Pants, $2.00.
A good child's suit at $1.75.
A full line cassimere Pants from $2.00 up.
A special bargain in a fine Percale Shirts, two collars and collar buttons, at 50c. A finer one at 65c.
The best quality moleskin shirts at 50c., former price, $1.25.
A lot of Boys' Socks at 3c. a pair.

For the Ladies.

Ladies' plush and leather Cabas, 25 to 50c., old price, $1 to $2.
The finest quality all linen, colored border, Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 15c, old price, 35.
The finest assortment of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Nainsook Edgings and Insertings.
Sash Ribbons, embroidered edge, suitable also for Bonnet and Hat Trimmings and Bows, 25c. a yard, old price, 75c.
A second lot of those cheap Ribbons—a watered Sash Ribbon, 7 inches wide, 30c. per yard.
Black Silk Watered Ribbon, 8c. a yard, old price, 25c.

DRESS GOODS.

A wool watered Satteen in garnet, bronze, navy blue and green at 16c., old price, 35c. An all wool extra fine garnet and cardinal cashmere, 38 inches wide, 50c., price elsewhere, 75c. Children's Plaids, 8, 10 and 12½c., price elsewhere at least one-half more.
New Buttons—new shades, new colors, new styles, all shapes,
Black and white Dress Ginghams, 7c. per yard, old price, 15c.
German colored Table and Stand Covers, $1.10, worth $2.00.
Kid Gloves, best grades reduced to 35, 40, 50 and 88c. Same goods six months ago, 75, 90, $1.00 and $1.25.
A lot of Children's regular made striped hose reduced to 15c. a pair, former price 40 to 65c.
Baptist's Claire Linen D'Irelande, Paris Muslins, Edgings and Laces, White Guipure, &c.

Special Bargain No. 1. A lot of the finest Fur Hats reduced from $2.50 to 75c.
Special Bargain No. 2. A lot of Parasols reduced from 35c. to 10c.
Special Bargain No. 3. A lot of double-width Alpacas reduced from 35c. to 12½c.
Special Bargain No. 4. A lot of finest Dress Lawns reduced from 15c. to 12½c.
Special Bargain No. 5. 50 pieces of best quality of Dress Prints reduced from 8c. to 6c.
Special Bargain No. 6. A lot of Men's low cut Shoes reduced from $2.50 to $1.50
Special Bargain No. 7. A lot of Gents' fine Silk Ties reduced from 50c. to 25c.
Special Bargain No. 8. A lot of Infants' fine laced Morocco Shoes reduced from 50c. to 35c.

We will be glad at any time to send you samples with our prices by mail of any goods you may need.

We have but one price for all.

Just opened, a big line of Ladies' and Children's fine Shoes.

LYON & CO. ap18tf

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

AS IT WAS SINCE THE COMMENCEMENT, AND WILL BE TO THE END.

One Price! One Price! One Price!

NOT ONLY FOR

C-L-O-T-H-I-N-G

BUT FOR

Dry Goods, Notions,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

Gents' Furnishing,

QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE, GROCERIES,

(No adulterated goods)

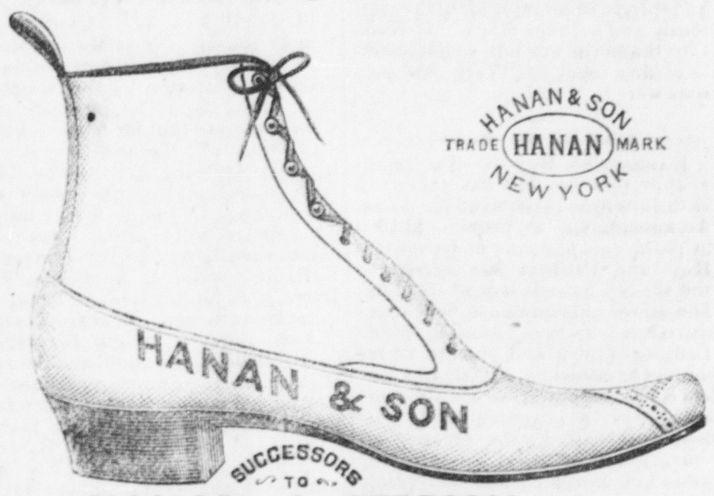
The untarnished reputation of the old firm for Honesty and Uprightness will be fully sustained by their successors.

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

15-8tf

Graham & Son.

Cloth and Kid Tops in Button and Lace.



HANAN & REDDISH

HANAN & SON'S goods are the neatest, best fitting and most substantial goods in the market. CAN'T BE BEAT for neatest style and durability.

GRAHAM & SON, Sole Ag'ts,

CORNER BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

15-15-3m

Michael Levi & Co.

EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.

(TRADE MARK.)

JUST STOP AND THINK!

Where Do You Buy Your Clothes?

In asking you the above question we simply desire you to examine closely three main points:

1st. Quality—Material.
2d. Style—Fit and Work.
3d. Price—Size of Bill.

And when you are satisfied with conclusions, pay us a visit, and we will guarantee quality of material, style of fit and work and a net saving of 10 per cent.

—:o:—

Men's Suits from $4.00 upwards.
Youths' Suits from $3.50 upwards.
Boys' Suits from $2.88 upwards.

—:o:—

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

IS COMPLETE IN ALL GRADES.

—:o:—

Men's Working Pants as Low as 75 Cents.

—:o:—

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY,

We will give every purchaser of a Boy's or Child's Suit a present of a Hat.

—:o:—

A FULL LINE OF

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Etc.

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

—:o:—

—SIGN—

KEYSTONE.

ALLEGHENY STREET, UNDER REYNOLDS' OPERA HOUSE
BELLEFONTE, PA.

MICHAEL LEVI & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 15 7 1y

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

The Great Cyclone.

KANSAS CITY, MO., May 14.—Yesterday throughout was stormy. About 4 30 p. m. the clouds gathered densely. Out of these grew a dark, funnel shaped cloud which started northwest across the farming lands west of Wyandotte, and crossing the Missouri river, passed into the country spreading death and destruction in its path. About ten minutes later a second cloud was formed near where the first one originated, and it followed the course of the Kaw river to the Missouri, where it disappeared from sight. This second one was followed in a few minutes by a third and terrific one, which laid waste its path across the southern portion of the city. Three deaths have been reported and as many more are not likely to recover. Many persons are more or less injured.

LATER.—It is now thought all the injured will recover. The loss is estimated at $200,000. In Wyandotte county the loss is $40,000. Mrs. Reed and child are dead, and Mr. Reed and three children are badly injured. In Liberty the damage was slight. In Macon City five persons were killed and ten or fifteen injured. At Balekow one woman was killed and several persons injured. The town of Orenogo was entirely destroyed. Six persons were killed and thirty-three injured, many seriously and perhaps fatally. At Webb City the storm was not so disastrous as at first reported. Very few persons were hurt and none killed.

Bills in the House.

HARRISBURG, May 15.—The general appropriation bill was taken up at the afternoon session of the house. An amendment to provide $10,000 to paint the portraits of Governors Hoyt and Pattison was agreed to and the bill passed second reading. The senate amendments were concurred in, in the following bills: Defining duties and powers of recorders in cities of 30,000 and not less 8,500; empowering county commissioners to purchase and condemn real estate for the erection of court house or jails; for the protection of dairymen and deception in butter and cheese; authorizing councils of cities of the first class to issue subpœnas; authorizing married women living separate from their husbands, under deed of separation, to sell and convey their real estate. The bill to provide for the assessment and collection of mercantile and other license taxes was defeated on final passage, but a reconsideration was asked and agreed to.

The bill to provide for the assessment and collection of mercantile and other state licenses was again taken up this evening in the house and indefinitely postponed. The bill was defeated fixing the salaries of state officials and an additional clerk in the state treasury. The bill to provide revenue by taxation was taken up but not finally disposed of.

Brady's Execution.

DUBLIN, May 14.—Joe Brady was hanged at 8 o'clock this morning. A vast concourse gathered outside the prison yard in which Brady was executed. A strong force of cavalry, infantry and police were present to preserve order. There was no attempt at disturbance, however. The morning opened beautifully, but there were showers at about the time the execution took place. Brady rose at 6 o'clock. At 6 35 Canon Kennedy, of St. James' church, and Father O'Reilly administered the sacrament to the condemned man. The three remained praying until the arrival of the hangman. Brady submitted quietly while his arms were being pinioned, and walked slowly and unflinchingly to the scaffold. His body fell nine feet and his death was instantaneous. The number of persons in the crowd outside the jail, it is estimated, reached ten thousand. At the moment the black flag was seen over the jail the cry was raised of "Hats off," and every head was uncovered. The crowd shortly afterward dispersed quietly.

Desperate Fight with Desperadoes

CHICAGO, May 15.—Specials report a fight in Indian Territory last Saturday night, about twenty-five miles east of Caddoc. Three hard characters named Carson, are alleged to have murdered, near Delaware Bend, a short time ago, two white men, named Blankinson and Hiddleson, and an old negro named Willey. Last Saturday Marshal Menshen, of Fort Smith, Ark., and Constable Cutler, of Grayson county, Texas, attempted to arrest the Carsons. They showed fight and exchanged a dozen shots with the officers. Menshen was slightly wounded. All the Carsons were killed except their father, who was released. The dead were left on the field unburied.

A Rumor Denied.

LONDON, May 16.—The head constable at Liverpool maintains that the story of the discovery on a trans-Atlantic steamer of an infernal machine, is a hoax. The box only contained bricks. The *Times'* correspondent at Liverpool, however, insists on the truth of the story, and declares the police are anxious to minimize the importance of the affair. The Liverpool *Courier* says it is positive that a dangerous machine was found on the steamer.

A Priest in a Bunko Game.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The bunko men got the best of a priest to-day. He is the Rev. Patrick J. Rogers, of the St. Columkill Church, Brighton, Mass. Father Rogers tells the following story: "I was standing in front of Sweeney's Hotel, in Chatham street, to-day, when a stranger came up and calling me by name said he was acquainted with me in my parish. He was a dealer in cloth. I went with him to a saloon and after we were seated some time two strangers came in and began talking to us if they were old acquaintances. Finally my companion produced a pocket book, apparently well filled, and explained how he had been cheated by sharpers. He then took out three cards, which he said he had got from the men who robbed him. He spoke so entertainingly that we all sympathized with him. Finally he asked us to put our purses down on the table and he would show us how he was fooled. I put down my pocketbook, containing $90, on a card. The man quickly turned up that card, and some one said I had lost. All three arose laughing and went out with my money. When I recovered from my surprise I arose. Then the saloon-keeper sprang at me, caught me by the collar, and asked if I intended to kick up a row. I tried to explain to him that I had been robbed, but he said no one was ever robbed in his saloon. While he thus delayed me the thieves got away." Scharfenburg, the proprietor of the saloon, was arrested on complaint of Father Rogers, but he could not prove the man's complicity in the robbery. Father Rogers has gone home to Massachusets, and the police are looking for the bunko men.

The Missouri Cyclone.

ST. LOUIS, May 15.—The destruction by the cyclone at Macon, Missouri, Sunday night, seems to have been much greater in the country than in the city. The latest advices from there say that for fifteen miles southwest of Macon the storm leveled everything in its track. The farm houses, and in most cases, all outbuildings, of the following named persons were either entirely demolished or very greatly damaged: F. B. Robertson, J. A. Banta, Eli Banta, T. B. Muller, John D. Tankenshap, Dow Reigena, Reuben Toyill, Joseph Burrows, Joseph Clarkson, C. E. Miller, John Buchan, James Miller, A. L. Summers, Richard Beason, Wesley Banta, Charles Busler, Thomas Banta, Evan Summers, A. M. Smith, William Baron, John Roth, Mr. Shunk, Mr. Harper and no doubt several others have been destroyed, but these are all there is definite knowledge of just now. They included some of the best farm houses in the country. A relief meeting was held at Macon last night to consider the condition of the sufferers and devise means to aid those in need of help. Very little damage seems to have been done east of the city; at least very few reports have as yet been received. The damage at Oronega is estimated at $75,000.

Burglars at Shenandoah.

SHENANDOAH, May 14.—On Sunday night an attempt was made to effect an entrance into Wooleys' jewelry store and the post office adjoining by cutting out a window. The glass broke under pressure and fell to the ground, making a clatter which aroused Mrs. Wooleys, who gave the alarm, whereupon the burglars hastily decamped. It was evident from the signs of blood that one of the thieves had cut his hand on the glass, and the cut furnished the means for the identification of a man named Welsh, residing in the First ward. He was arrested this morning and taken before Justice Dengler, who committed him to prison in default of bail. The evidence against Welsh is said to be conclusive. He is a member of the famous "Lehigh Valley gang," residing in the First ward of Shenandoah, who have long been suspected of these robberies, and other arrests of members of the gang will probably follow. Folmer's slaughter house was also entered last night for the fourth time and robbed.

Attempt to Destroy a Steamer.

LONDON, May 15.—The *Times* says the particulars of an attempt to destroy a steamer plying between Liverpool and New York have just leaked out at the former place. It appears that just before the vessel left Liverpool for New York on her last voyage, having on board a number of emigrants a man gave the steward a box and requested him as a favor to convey it to New York. The steward's suspicions were aroused and he consulted the captain, who ordered that the box be opened. This was done in the presence of the captain and officers, and the box was found to contain an infernal machine. The contents of the box were thrown overboard, but the box itself retained and a note made of the address upon it. The fact of this discovery was not made known publicly in New York on the vessel's arrival there, but the British consul general in that city was notified of it. The steamer has just returned to the Mersey from New York.

Thompson Acquitted.

HARRODSBURG, Ky., May 16.—The jury has returned a verdict of acquittal in the case of Hon. Phil. B. Thompson on trial for killing Walter H. Davis. The jury was out one hour. The verdict was received with deafening shouts by the densely packed house. As soon as the jury was polled and dismissed Thompson was crowded upon by friends who warmly congratulated him. He bore the ordeal with the same coolness that has marked his conduct throughout the trial.

Coal Miners' Convention.

PITTSBURG, May 16.—The miners' inter-state convention reassembled this morning, John McBride, of Massillon, Ohio, in the chair. The committee on credentials reported eighty delegates present, from Ohio, Maryland, Illinois and Pennsylvania. After adopting rules for the governance of the convention, a committee on general organization was appointed, who reported the following order: First, organization; second, name—Inter-state association; third, territorial limits; fourth, objects of the association; fifth, legislative and executive powers. A lengthy discussion then ensued on the question whether the organization will be open or secret. T. A. Crow, of Maryland, vigorously opposed an open organization, but the majority favored it, and the matter was referred to a committee. A resolution expressing sympathy for the striking miners of the Pittsburgh district met with considerable opposition, but finally passed. An adjournment for dinner was then taken.

A Brave Boy.

MIDDLEBORO, Mass., May 15.—Willie Kingman, the 19 year-old son of one of the most prominent shoe manufacturers here, died like a hero yesterday afternoon. He went sailing in a new boat in Assawnsette pond with his brother Henry, who is much older than he. When half way across the big pond a squall struck the boat, instantly upsetting it. Henry, who was an excellent swimmer, directed his brother to cling to the boat. Willie objected, saying, "You have a family; if either must go, let it be me; good bye." He struggled manfully to reach the shore, but was probably seized with a cramp and sank to rise no more. The other brother drifted in the chilly water four hours before reaching the shore, and after vigorous treatment was restored to consciousness. Willie was home from school, spending his vacation, when the sad accident occurred. The affair has cast a gloom over the community.

Shoemakers' Lockout in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—The shoe manufacturers held a meeting to-day and adopted a series of resolutions, giving their version of the cause of the lockout, which they say was forced upon them by the action of the union men. They say, under the present situation of affairs, it is impossible to submit the matter to arbitration unless the men who quit work will go back and resume the position held before they quit work. They, therefore, give notice that their shops are open for any workmen not directly sent out, under the operation of the terms of arbitration agreement. This means that all non-union, as well as union men, not members of the assemblies that belong to the arbitration board, are at liberty to work in their shops.

General Synod of the Lutheran Church.

SPRINGFIELD, O., May 16.—The general synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church of the United States met in this city in biennial convention at 9 o'clock this morning. About 200 delegates were present. The opening sermon preached by Rev. Dr. Chas. D. Hay, of Gettysburg, Pa., on "The reformations from the earlier to the later periods and what has been accomplished." The convention then adjourned. It will continue one week, and will be followed by the Woman's Missionary Society meeting.

They Reject the Proposition.

MUSCOGEE, Indian Territory, May 16.—The Cherokee council, at its first session on Monday, appointed a committee to consider what disposition was to be made of the $300,000 for the lands west of the ninety-sixth principal meridian. After rejecting the proposition of the Cherokee strip live stock association to lease the Cherokee strip, and considering a like proposition from the Cherokee live stock association, the council adjourned for a day.

Two Indiana Towns Scorched.

HAMBURG, May 16.—A business block, owned by W. H. Woods, and the building of the Hamburg marble works were burned yesterday morning. Loss, $22,000; insurance, $1,500.

SILVER LAKE, May 16.—Ten business houses and other smaller structures were burned here yesterday. Loss, $12,000; insurance, $1,500.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE.—*A sure cure.* Until recently it was thought Bright's Disease of the kidneys was incurable. The statement is disproved by the wonderful success of Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney and liver medicine, which cures Bright's disease perfectly. All diseases of the kidneys, bladder, liver and urinary organs, Hunt's Remedy cures like magic.

Murdered by His Wife.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 14.—On Saturday night George Butner (colored) was discovered murdered in the street at Powder Springs. His wife was found standing over him with a bloody knife in her hand. She has been held for the murder.

The Y. M. C. A. Convention.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 16.—The international convention of the Young Men's Christian Association opened here this morning. Over 700 delegates are present. E. S. Coliv was elected president for the ensuing year.

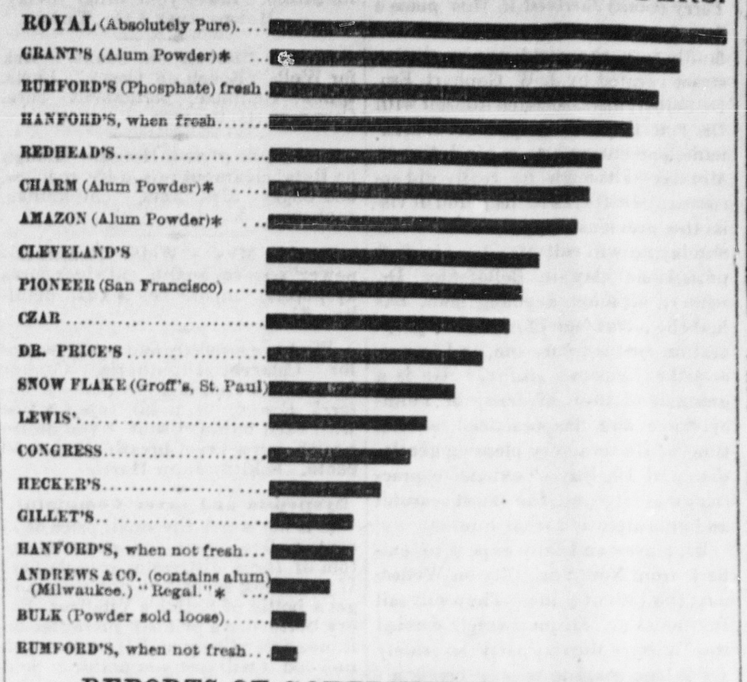
WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

Point Breeze Races.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—At Point Breeze to-day Lady Duroc won the 2 34 race. Juno took first and third heats and Kitty Buss the second. Best time 2:34¼. The 2:26 race was won by Frank, Dick Organ second, Clover third. Best time, 2:26¼.

Royal Baking Powder.

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.



REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS
As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It it a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure." "H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE.—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A one pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

Miscellaneous.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order from the Orphans' Court, will be sold at public auction on the premises, about 1 mile west of Howard Borough, the farm known as the Frederick Fletcher farm, on

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1883,

commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., a valuable, rich bottom land Farm, bounded and described as follows, viz:

On the north by Bald Eagle creek, on the east by lands of Rudolph Pletcher, on the south by lands of H. Hinton's estate and others, on the west by lands of Samuel Pletcher, containing about 82 acres, 72 of which are in a good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered. Having erected thereon a good two-story Frame House, 28 x 32 feet, also a good Barn. Two good springs of never failing water are on the place also a good orchard. For further information apply to D. B. Pletcher, Howard, Centre Co., Pa.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. on day of sale, and one-third of balance on confirmation of sale, and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

DAVID B PLETCHER, } Administrators.
RUDOLPH PLETCHER, }
Howard, May 3, 1883. m10-3w

NAVAL BATTLES OF THE WORLD.

By EDWARD SHIPPEN, Medical Director U. S. N. A thrilling Pictorial History of the World's Great Sea Fights, with specimens of naval architecture of all ages. A record of wonderful exploits more interesting than fiction. Price only $3. It sells everywhere. AGENTS make $100 per month. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 15-19-4t

WANTED Energetic, Reliable men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. SALARY AND EXPENSES paid. Full instructions given, no experienced men can soon learn the business. Address J. F. LECLARE, BRIGHTON, N. Y. (1 mile east of Rochester, N. Y.) 15-19 4t

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS FOR THE LIVER

And all Bilious Complaints. Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping. Price 25 cents. All Druggists. 15-19 4t

AGENTS WANTED For our Rapid Selling Book

PROFESSIONAL THIEVES AND DETECTIVES.

By ALLAN PINKERTON. His most remarkable and BEST Detective stories, with sketch of his life. Profusely illustrated. No competition, low in price, sells quick. This is a rare chance to make money. Everybody will buy it. Many of our agents are making $50 per week. Exclusive territory. Best terms. G. W. Carleton & Co., Publishers, New York. 15-19 4t

HIS OPINION.

In Clear Sentences an Authority adds his own to the Popular Judgment.

191 West Tenth Street,
NEW YORK, August 11, 1880.

MESSRS. SEABURY & JOHNSON:

I am slow to pin my faith to any new curative agent. BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER has won my good opinion. I find it an exceptionally cleanly plaster to use and rapid in its action. Many tests of its qualities in my own family, and among my patients, have convinced me that there is no other single article so valuable for popular use, none so helpful in cases of Lame Back, Local Rheumatism Neuralgia, Congestion of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs and Lumbago.

You may feel free to use my name

Very truly yours,
H. H. KANE, M. D.,
Physician in chief of the De Quincy Home.

Price of CAPCINE, 25 cents.
Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-19-4t

Guggenheimer's New Store.

GRAND OPENING!

GUGGENHEIMER AHEAD

I take great pleasure in announcing to my old Customers and Friends and to the public in general that I will

OPEN OUT ON APRIL 1, 1883,

In my New Room in

Bush Arcade,

An entire new stock of the finest makes of

Rochester AND Philadelphia

CLOTHING

Also a nice line of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots Shoes,

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

All my goods will be marked in plain figures, and at those figures only will they be sold, thus enabling a child to purchase with as much discretion and to the same advantage as grown people.

My Leather Department

Will be carried on stronger than ever, and nothing but the very best stock will be kept, all of which will be sold at the lowest possible figures.

Hides of all kinds bought and the Cash paid for them.

Hoping to be favored with an early call by all in need of anything in my line, and with thanks for past favors, I remain

Yours truly,

15 12 ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.

$65 A MONTH and BOARD for three live young men or ladies in each county. Address P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 13 4t

Miscellaneous.

With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so pleasant, so certain, and so safe, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a concentrated form, combined with the best Expectorants and Anodynes, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 cents per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA

JAS. HARRIS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Hradware and Stoves,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

Vital Questions!!

Ask the most eminent physician
Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike, refreshing sleep always?
And they will tell you unhesitatingly
"Some form of hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:
"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to women"—
And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically "Buchu."
Ask the same physicians
"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c."
and they will tell you:
"Mandrake! or Dandelion!"
Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable
And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is.
Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients
"Almost dead or nearly dying"
For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.
Women going nearly crazy!
From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.
People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of Rheumatism,
Inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula!
Erysipelas!
Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail
Nature is heir to
Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of administration upon the estate of Susan Shaw, late of Liberty township, deceased, having been granted, by the Register of Centre county to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to decedent to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against her to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement.

15 18 6t SAMUEL GLOSSNER,
P. O. address, Blanchard, Pa. Administrator.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk; Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d5m&w1

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Lilacs are an aesthetic flower.

—Court is in session at Lock Haven.

—Altoona is troubled with incendiaries.

—Memorial Day one week in the future.

—Why not tax every glass of beer consumed?

—Early vegetables are not growing very rapidly.

—The Bellefonte police are enjoying a resting spell.

—The leaves of the trees are not yet large enough for shade.

—Illuminated show posters furnish excellent reading for the street gamin.

—Neuralgia, bad colds, etc., seriously affect people at the present time.

—Spring Creek and Logan Branch trout find all the bait they want to nibble at.

—The gentle zephyr fans the dude's cheek and lifts the masher's waxed mustache.

—Thirty years ago pneumonia was "lung fever" and sciatica was plain "rheumatiz"

—Nine months winter and three months cold weather is the modern division of the year.

—That unwelcome individual, Jack Frost, paid this place another visit last Thursday morning.

—The salary of Franklin B. Gowen, President of the Reading railroad, is to be increased to $50,000 per annum.

—Rev. J. H. Chambers, pastor of the Huntingdon Baptist church, has seriously impaired his health by overwork.

—A tramp printer appeared in Bellefonte recently and was a curiosity because of the rarity of that *genus homo* of late.

—Centre county contains an area of 785,280 acres, a population of 37,921 and the assessed value of real estate is $10,499,081.

—Hicks & Griffith, of the Spring creek machine shops, started the machinery now in the building in operation on Monday, the 14th.

—Lawrence Brown's coal office, *a la* Col. Hastings' residence, is as dark as a baron's castle under the influence of bronze green and red paint.

—The skilled and unskilled anglers are busily engaged at the captivating sport for which this especial time of year seems peculiarly favorable.

—Why don't the Centre County Banking Company finish the pavement on the Spring street side of the the bank building? Echo answers why.

—The Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, always a decidedly beautiful paper, comes to us much improved in appearance. It is a credit to Pennsylvania's great western city.

—Mr. James Mullen, brother of Mrs Brockerhoff, who died in Philadelphia on the 13th, and was brought to this place for burial the next morning, was 52 years of age on the 18th of April. He was born in Ireland.

—The value of an advertisement is frequently illustrated. The other day a Bellefonte merchant said that he had just received an order from Florida for certain goods. Attached to the order was the sentence: "Saw your advertisement in Bellefonte REPUBLICAN."

—The latest "rage" is the "Langtry bangs," which only a few of the young ladies of Bellefonte understand the art of arranging in perfection. The Bunker Hill maidens claim to be adepts in the art, however, and inquiry will probably elicit the desired information.

—The people in and around Pine Grove Mills are so busy prospecting for iron ore that the don't take time to do anything else. The Weaver, Ross and Mitchell farms are found to be very rich in the precious mineral and all the surrounding farms are suspected to be the same. Their owners are correspondingly elated.

—A paper contributed by Dr. J. W. Rhone on the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the U. S., which assembles on the 16th at Springfield, Ohio, will be found on the second page. We have been compelled to omit some parts of it and thus perhaps have marred its completeness, but this was unavoidable.

—Our legal townsman, J. W. Gephart, Esq., and his interesting family are soon to occupy the commodious residence on Allegheny street owned and recently occupied by Mr. W. E. Burchfield. Dr. Seibert, who is to take charge of Dr. T. R. Hayes' extensive medical practice, during the latter's prolonged European tour, will reside in the dwelling on Spring street which Mr. Gephart is about to vacate.

A Golden Wedding.

Two weeks ago to-day, Wednesday, May 9, an interesting event occurred at Montgomery Station, Lycoming county, in which one of our prominent citizens, Mr. Hammon Sechler, was much interested, and which was published at length in the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*. It was the golden wedding of Mr. Sechler's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sechler, of Montgomery Station.

They had reached the fiftieth milestone on their married life's journey. A goodly number of relatives and friends were present. At 3 o'clock p. m. when the guests had entered the parlor, the Rev. J. W. Boal, pastor of the White Deer Presbyterian church, in a very touching manner referred to their long life and its many changes, the thoughts it suggested, and on behalf of donors presented the gifts bestowed by loving children and admiring friends. Among these was a handsome gold headed cane by their son, Mr. H. Sechler, of this place; a large rocking chair, a beautiful lamp, some handsome jewelry and $65 in gold. After the presentation address, the company adjourned to the dining room, to partake of the bountiful repast there spread. After spending the remainder of the afternoon in pleasant conversation, the company dispersed to their homes, wishing their host and hostess many happy anniversaries.

One of the most interesting features of the occasion was the presence of Mr. Samuel Oakes, of Milton, who served as groomsman at the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Sechler fifty years ago, also Mrs. Mary Comley, Mrs. Jane Allen, Mrs. Fanny Hammon, Mrs. Aaron Wetzell and Mr. Samuel Sedam, brother of Mrs. Sechler, who were witnesses on that occasion, and who were spared, through the changes of half a century since that event, to reassemble and extend once more their congratulations. Also another interesting item concerning Mrs. Sechler. She was born, raised, married and has lived ever since on the same place (the old Sedam homestead), and has seen White Deer valley transformed from a wilderness to a fine farming country, and has witnessed changes enough to fill volumes were it printed. Mr. and Mrs. Sechler have reached the advanced age of 74 and 70 years. They had twelve children, seven of whom are living; two sons in Iowa, one, Mr. H. Sechler, in this place, one near the old homestead, one daughter at Montgomery Station, and two single daughters at home; all of these were present on this occasion, except the two sons in Iowa.

A Startling Coincidence in the Lives of Bellefonte Parties.

What may be a new science might be discovered in an investigation of seemingly peculiar events in the lives of earth's inhabitants. That mind has a strong and powerful influence over mind, even at a distance, seems evident and was startlingly illustrated recently in the lives of certain well-known residents of Bellefonte whose names are not necessary to enforce the reality of the incidents.

A young lady of this place attends school in a southern city. A few days ago she was prevented taking her usual walk in company with her teacher at 4 p. m., and went instead at about 7 o'clock. It chanced that the young lady's father had occasion to make a business trip through the South and passed through the city in which his daughter was attending school, at 7 p. m. He saw his daughter walking with her teacher in the streets of the city and waved his hand to her. She did not recognize him, however, and considered it prudent not to respond. That night a sister of the young lady in question, who is living in Bellefonte, dreamed, and remembers distinctly that among the characters of that dream were her sister and the teacher before alluded to and also her father. She saw these persons just as they have been described and witnessed the events that took place, and told them next morning without a suspicion that they were indeed representations of reality. A letter that has since arrived from the young lady at school related the circumstance and the father on reaching home told of seeing his daughter as described. This is a coincidence concerning four people which is, to say the least, exceedingly strange and which cannot be controverted.

Lawn Mowers at Work.

On Tuesday, the 15th, an exciting occurrence attracted an interested gathering in the Court House yard. It was a test of excellence and utility between two lawn mowers from the hardware stores of Harry Hicks and Wilson & McFarlane, respectively. They performed a very creditable service in mowing the grass in that pretty enclosure. Their work was not entirely disinterested, however, as the commissioners will probably purchase a machine of that kind soon.

The Moore Children's Triumph.

On Tuesday evening, the 15th instant, the long expected entertainment prepared by Mr. Moore and his family was given in Reynolds' Opera House to a large and delighted audience. Its perfect success surprised everybody and we can testify that it was much superior in all respects to the rehearsal we witnessed on the Friday evening previous, showing what progress the children are making in an art to which they give all their powers and in the cultivation of which they derive much enjoyment. The violin selections were rendered with grace and excellence, and were interspersed with recitations which, while they were amusing and entertaining, furnished another evidence of the versatile talents of these youthful prodigies.

The manner in which they rendered the opera of "The Golden Ball" was again a great surprise. To hear the children sing the music of their own composition and to witness them enacting all the parts with the ease and *nonchalance* of veteran actors was indeed extraordinary and aroused the deepest interest. The preconceived opinions of the most captious critics were changed, and they fully acknowledged before the entertainment was finished that the children were natural artists and that a great future is in store for them. The children were so uniformly excellent that we desist from personal mention any more than to allude to the very comic character, (the frog) assumed by little Aurora. She acted it to perfection and each movement brought down the house.

We cannot be so enthusiastic as to predict for Mr. Moore similar financial success during the initiatory part of his tour, but that the genuine talent of the children will gain for them a reputation which will assure eventual success and even fame we cannot doubt. At least, we wish them success.

Death of Associate Judge John K. Runkle.

On Tuesday morning, May 15, Associate Judge John K. Runkle died quite suddenly at his home in Tusseyville, this county. His disease was rheumatism of the heart, the fatal effect of which came with unexpected suddenness and proved a terrible blow to his many loving relatives and friends. The deceased had reached quite an advanced age, his 70th birthday occurring last March. He was a devout member of the Reformed church, near Tusseyville, in which he was an elder. In the supreme and abiding consolation which a fervent faith gives he "fell asleep." Oh, blessed sleep; happy is thy waking. It is but a departure from the vexing scenes of life to enter upon the Paradise of God. As a man he had the love and confidence of all; as a judge he was respected. He leaves a wife and nine children, who have our earnest sympathy in this their hour of supreme affliction.

The funeral took place on Friday morning at 9 o'clock.

We are informed that the late Judge Runkle was as well as usual on Monday, the 14th, the day before his death, and was able to attend to his customary out door duties. The next morning he was a corpse—so silently, swiftly and unexpectedly did the grim destroyer accomplish his dread work.

Not Affected by Age.

Some old specimens of Royal Baking Powder that had been kept on the shelf of a grocery store for ten years were recently tested by Prof. Schedler of New York for the purpose of measuring the loss of strength they had undergone. It was found that, although the powder had been exposed to atmospheric changes all this time—for it was not in air-tight cans—its loss of raising power or strength was less than one per cent., the powder being practically as good as the day it was put up.

This is a most valuable quality in a baking powder, one which few possess. Most powders if not used when first made are found to be ineffective. If kept even a few weeks they lose their leavening power, become lumpy or caked, and valueless.

This superior keeping quality in the "Royal" arises from the extraordinary care in its manufacture, and the scientific principles employed in its combination. The articles used in its composition are thoroughly dried by heat before being compounded, and are so prepared and coated as to prevent the action of the acid upon the alkali prematurely, or except under the influence of heat or water necessarily used in cooking or baking.

The Royal is now used extensively in Australia, Africa, and other low latitudes, where it has been found to be the only baking powder that will withstand the hot, moist atmosphere without deterioration.

—Mrs. Jennie E. Waterman, of Lock Haven, was seriously burned on Monday, the 14th, her clothes catching fire while she was carrying a basket of burning paper from the legal office of T. C. Hipple and S. M. McCormick, Esqs.

Changes in the Pennsylvania R. R. Schedule.

Numerous important changes went into effect on the Pennsylvania R. R. and its branches on the 13th of May, in which business men and travelers generally may be interested. They are as follows:

A route has been established with through Pullman service in both directions between New York and Chicago, via the Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg railroad, as follows: Leave New York on Western express 6 p. m., with connection from Washington 7:30 p. m. and Baltimore 8:45, on which there is a sleeper, Washington to Pittsburg. Leave Pittsburg 8:15 a. m., arrive at Columbus 3:30 p. m., Logansport 1 a. m., and Chicago 6:55 a. m. Eastward (new train) leave Chicago, except Saturdays, 9 p. m., Columbus about 8:15 a. m., arrive at Pittsburg at 4:25 p. m. Leave Pittsburg on Philadelphia express (new train) about 5 p. m., except Sunday, arrive at Philadelphia 5:15 a. m., New York at 8. This makes an additional train, Philadelphia to New York (except Mondays). All other through trains and sleeping cars between New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis, will remain the same in both directions.

A new through service of sleeping cars also commenced May 13th between Philadelphia and Buffalo via Emporium and the Buffalo, New York and Philadelphia railroad as follows: Leave Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., except Saturdays; arrive at Buffalo 7:10 p. m. Leave Buffalo 2:20 p. m., arrive Philadelphia 7:50 a m.

There will be through cars to Long Branch via Monmouth Junction, leaving Broad street station at 6:50 a. m., week days. Returning, arrive at same station 7:46 p. m. Leave foot of Market street 8:20 a. m.; a through train via Tom's river and Bay Head to Long Branch.

On the West Jersey railroad there will be an express train every week day to Cape May at 7:00 a. m. Atlantic City express trains will leave Philadelphia 8:50 a. m. and 4:10 p. m. Parlor cars on all express trains between Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

A new train on Sundays both ways between Philadelphia, Salem, via Swedesboro, leave Philadelphia 5:15 p. m. Leave Salem 7:10 a. m.

Sleeping car heretofore running between Philadelphia and Canandaigua on Pacific express west and fast line east will be withdrawn. Washington and Canandaigua sleepers, and Philadelphia and Erie sleepers will remain as at present. Niagara express will leave Philadelphia 7:40 a. m., except Sundays.

An Extraordinary Hallucination.

One of the strangest freaks exhibited in newspaperdom for a long time is the propensity of the two Lock Haven dailies to state that there will be a celebration in that city on the Fourth of July when at the same time nothing has been done to bring about such a result. One of those newspapers wants to bet a big apple, a peach, a pomegranate, or something of the sort that their celebration will even excel the Bellefonte jubilee. If apples were to be procured for love or money that paper would want to bet something else. Let's take the ice cream. Here's one ice cream that there'll be no celebration at all in Lock Haven and another with two spoons in it that all the L. H. newspaper scribes will come up to Bellefonte to report the blow-out. Why, my dear sirs, you are laboring under a stupendous hallucination! Even your fire companies and your musical organizations are coming up here, and the small boy and firecracker will be the only instrumentalities left in L. H. to make a noise.

Attempted Suicide at Milesburg.

On Monday, the 14th, the people of Milesburg were startled by the report that John Butler, a resident of that place, aged about 50 years, had attempted to take his own life by cutting his throat. The report was ascertained to be correct, although the injury inflicted was but slight, and he will recover if he don't repeat the performance. The cause of the rash act is said to be disappointment in a love affair; he popped the question and she said no. The tragical event occurred about 5 o'clock.

That attempted suicide in Milesburg on Monday of last week elicited general comment. We are informed that Mr. John Butler, the gentleman who essayed self-destruction, is over 50 years of age. He attempted the tragedy near the residence of his lady love (who is a young girl) and then sat down near the roadside, where his bleeding neck attracted attention. He had inflicted only a slight wound, however. He is a plasterer by trade.

—The Court House is in need of extensive repairs. The exterior is weather beaten and worn and the Roman characters on the dial of the town clock are indistinct. Paint is evidently needed. We do not desire the commissioners to spend money for repairs that are not absolutely necessary, but when they find a stray $200 rolling up hill they could not convert it to a better use than to give the Court House a neat dress.

—A letter addressed "Miss Hattie N. Roan, Curwensville, Clearfield county, Pa.," will be found at the Bellefonte postoffice. It is detained for lack of the proper stamp.

Can't be Cured!

Who says so? "The best physicians have been consulted, and they all agree that the case is beyond the reach of medicine." Have you tried the new Vitalizing Treatment, which acts directly upon the great nerve centres, and gives to all the vital organs a new life-force and a higher activity? "No; never heard of it. What is it called?" Compound Oxygen. "Oh! yes, I have seen it advertised, but supposed it to be one of the medical humbugs of the day." If all that we have read about the cures it is making is true, it is the most wonderful therapeutic agent ever discovered. "Where can it be obtained?" Only of Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard Street, Philadelphia. Now, take our advice and write to them, giving a statement of your condition. You will get a prompt answer, and it will cost you nothing, as they make no charge for consultation. If, like your physicians, they see no hope in your case, they will honestly tell you so. But if they have treated similar cases successfully, they will, in making a favorable report, send such evidence of their professional integrity and skill, and such reports of cases which they have treated as can hardly fail to give you confidence both in them and their new and wonderful treatment. All this, as we have said, will cost you nothing.

Arrested in Centre County.

The following dispatch, which appeared in the Philadelphia *Times* of Tuesday, the 15th, will be of interest to persons residing at Spring Mills and vicinity:

LEWISTOWN, May 14.—David Foster Wyons, a young man formerly of this county, who shot and killed Joe Bill Brown in Dark county, Ohio, on May 2, was arrested near Spring Mills, Centre county, on Saturday and brought here and lodged in jail and the authorities at Greenville, Ohio, notified. The young man has admitted the killing, but claims that he did the shooting in self-defense. The father of Wyons moved from Mifflin county to Ohio about twelve years ago.

Isaac Jones, Mt. Carmel, Pa., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of sick headache, loss of appetite and foul stomach."

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, whether sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and Hall & Ruckel, New York. 14 24 1y

—Fifteen of the window glass workers employed at the Bellefonte Glass Works entered the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe train Thrsday morning for an excursion to Snow Shoe, where we hope they enjoyed themselves heartily.

Miscellaneous.

PE-RU-NA

$1,000

will be paid if any impurities or mineral substances are found in PERUNA, or for any case it will not cure or help.

PERUNA is purely a vegetable compound. It is not equalled by all other medicines combined. Strong language, but it is true.

PERUNA is more extensively prescribed by honest physicians than any other half-dozen remedies known to the profession.

PERUNA positively cures Consumption, Chronic Catarrh, and all Lung and Heart diseases.

As a Cough remedy, it has no equal; it positively cures all Coughs. You cannot take an overdose, as it contains no morphine.

For Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, the infallible remedy is PERUNA.

No matter what your disease is, where located, be you young or old, male or female, go at once for PERUNA.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life," gratis.

For Piles and Pelvic Diseases, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single Bottle $1.00; Six Bottles, $5.00.

Valuable Farm for Sale!

Will be sold at public outcry on the premises, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1883,

the farm known as the Zachariah McNaul Farm, in Lamar township, Clinton county, about 2½ miles east of Salona, and 6 miles from Lock Haven, containing 140 acres, more or less, 80 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance is well timbered. A running stream near the buildings. A good orchard &c. Also, 30 acres of timbir land adjoining the farm.

For further information apply to John McNaul on the adjoining farm or to W. S. Beck in Mill Hall, Clinton county. Terms made known on day of sale. 15 15 ts

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania on Monday, May 28, 1883, under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called the "Centre Building and Loan Association of Bellefonte, Pa.," the character and object whereof is to enable its members to save periodically a portion of their earnings, thereby accumulating a fund which can be loaned or advanced to the stockholders from time to time to purchase or build their own houses, or to make any other safe and profitable investments they may desire, and lawful for such an association to make, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

S. M. BECK,
ANDREW J. COOK,
J. W. GEPHART,
Com. on Incorporation.

18 3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Henry L. Beck, late of Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Sarah J. Beck, widow of said decedent, and Martin Walker, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

SARAH J. BECK,
MARTIN WALKER,
May 10, 1883. 19 6t Administrators.

Frank P. Blair.

OFFICE OF THE

ROCKFORD WATCH CO.

Rockford Ill. Jan., 1880,

This is to certify that we have appointed Frank P. Blair sole agent for the sale of our Quick Train Railroad Watches in the town of Bellefonte, Pa.

ROCKFORD WATCH CO.
By HOSMER P. HOLLAND,
Secretary.

Having thoroughly tested the Rockford Quick Train Watches, I offer them with the fullest confidence to the public, as being the best made and most reliable Watch for the money in the market.

I fully guarantee every Watch for two years.

FRANK P. BLAIR,

2, Brockerhoff Row.

BELLEFONTE.

All other American Watches at Reduced Prices.

TAUNTON, June 18, 1881.

I bought a silver cased Rockford Watch, unadjusted, April 12, 1880, for $20.00. Until June 9th, it run within sixty seconds, at a regular rate of about two seconds slow a day. It was regulated and set June 9, 1880, and until Dec. 8, 1880 (nearly six months), without any attention to regulation was only seventeen seconds slow.

JOEL BEAN,
Overseer Carding Room Whittenton Mills.

I have carried my Rockford Watch about eight months, and it has performed to my satisfaction all the time; the last two months running at a rate of two seconds a day. Am perfectly satisfied, and recommend the Rockford Watch to all railroad men.

CHAS. S. LADD,
Old Colony R. R.

The Rockford Watch bought a year ago last October, I have carried every day on an express wagon, loading and delivering freight. It has run very well under all circumstances. It has not been altered for months and now is only thirty seconds fast; has given me perfect satisfaction. I. W. LEACH,
With Davenport & Mason's Express.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Argument court was called at 10, o'clock Saturday morning.

—The street sprinkler made its appearance on High street last week.

—Mr. Robert Cole, of this place, is recovering after a serious illness.

—The Crittenden Cadets met at the house of Mr. Isaac Mitchell Friday evening.

—Col. Josiah Neff, a prominent citizen of Centre Hill, this county, is, we regret to learn, ill with indigestion.

—The Mite Society of the Presbyterian church will meet on Friday evening at the parsonage on Spring street.

—A very pleasant reception was given by Miss Minnie Wilkinson, daughter of Mr. W. H. Wilkinson, on Friday evening last.

—The Millheim, Rebersburg and Aaronsburg musicians have associated themselves together under the name of "Meyer Philharmonic Society."

—Hicks & Griffith have placed appropriate lettering, explanatory of their business, on the eastern exposure of their new machine shops.

—Petitions signed by about two hundred citizens, petitioning against the granting of licenses in Lock Haven, were presented to the court in session last week.

—James Powell, the colored lad who died on last Friday night, was buried on Sunday afternoon, a large number of people following the remains to the cemetery.

—The "Muldoon's Picnic" entertainment on Saturday night was not so largely attended as had been expected and a variety of opinions are expressed concerning its merits.

—Mrs. John Wolf, of Houtzdale, died on Saturday last of pneumonia, after brief illness. Deceased formerly resided in Bellefonte, and was a sister of Mr. Q. A. Daniels of this place.

—A few of the fire companies invited to participate in the Bellefonte Fourth of July celebration have already accepted. How is it in regard to those invited by the Lock Haven firemen?

—Mr. G. J. Gibbs, passenger engineer on the Tyrone division and Miss Nettie Hancock, of Philipsburg, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents in the latter place on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—It is said that Judge Mayer and other gentlemen who are selecting a site for Williamsport's public building receive $25 per day for their services. Consequently, they will not use undue haste in making the selection.

—We are indebted to that well known and very generous gentleman, Senator J. Donald Cameron, of Pa., for the "Compendium of the Tenth Census of the United States." It contains a vast amount of information and is valuable for reference.

—The Lock Havenites have not succeeded in raising funds enough to borrow a hand organ for their Fourth of July kitchen entertainment, and it's no wonder the newspaper men down there are getting saucy. In the meantime, matters are progressing finely for Bellefonte's grand, gilded jubilee. Whoop 'er up!

—Among the recent tourists from this county to the West are Mr. Chas. Hepny and wife and Mr. Ambrose Haines, of Gregg township; Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Spangler and Mr. Lewis Brumgart, of Miles township; and Mr. and Mrs. Rote, of Aaronsburg. Freeport, Illinois, will be the destination of several members of the party.

—We are glad to know that the old Bellefonte Foundry is now ready for business, and that they have booked a number of orders. We know enough about Hicks & Griffith to say that work will be done promptly when promised, and as low as possible. We wish you success, gentlemen, and hope you will receive a liberal patronage.

—On Thursday afternoon two wood artists began the work of erecting piers and laying timbers over the race at High street. Instantly the report was heralded that the Pennsylvania passenger depot was to be erected and numerous citizens gathered at the water's edge. It was discovered, however, that the contemplated structure was only to be a platform upon which the agricultural implement warehouse of Alexander & Co. will exhibit such a portion of their stock as they believe the public will feel interested in inspecting.

Local Melange.

A telegram to the Philadelphia *Times* of Wednesday, the 16th, is as follows:

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The President has detailed Second Lieutenant James A. Leyden, Fourth Infantry, as professor of military science and tactics at the Pennsylvania State College, Centre county. Lieutenant Leyden has been directed to report for duty at the College July 1, 1883.

Those who remember the fine military bearing of Lieutenant Leyden on the occasion of his visit in Bellefonte a year ago and are acquainted with his excellent character will concede that this is a creditable appointment. It will be peculiarly welcome to Lieutenant Leyden from the fact that he is a Centre county boy and he will be among his relatives and friends, his mother now residing in this vicinity. The Lieutenant is also a nephew of ex-Senator C. T. Alexander.

A recent change has been made in the force of custodians at the jail. Mr. John A. Dunkle has been sworn as deputy sheriff vice Mr. David Dunkle, resigned. The latter's health has been quite poor of late, and he departed for Colorado two weeks ago to try the beneficial effects of that climate. We hope that he will improve rapidly. If he is pleased with the country he may remain permanently.

J. L. Spangler, Esq., has recently disposed of several eligible lots on Curtin street, among them being one to S. D. Ray, Esq., and one to Mr. S. M. Buck. Both of these gentlemen will build immediately. Chas. Hewes, Esq., has also purchased a lot. Mr. S. has only a few more for sale. At this rate Curtin street will soon be a thickly populated thoroughfare.

A little daughter of Mr. James McCulley, residing near the toll-gate, fell from a swing on Wednesday, the 16th, suffering concussion of the brain. She is improving at this writing. Children should be careful in indulging in this somewhat dangerous sport.

Thursday morning, at 11 o'clock, the Bellefonte Bar held a meeting for the purpose of taking such action as was deemed appropriate in reference to the death of the late Judge John K. Runkle. A committee of three persons—J. L. Spangler, S. D. Gray and W. C. Heinle, Esqs.—was appointed to attend the funeral.

We were much pleased on Saturday morning to receive the following telegram from Clearfield:

CLEARFELD, PA., May 19, 1883.

BELLEFONTE DAILY NEWS: The "Moore children" were a success here last night. ALF. MARTIN.

We congratulate Mr. M. and children and wish them a continued triumph.

The number of bicycles in Bellefonte is increasing.

Mr. Morris Cowdrick is in DuBois giving his atttention to the construction of the new bank building.

General Beaver, Adj't. Gen. Keller, Majors Hill, Hazard, Sayre and others found on their recent visit to Conneaut Lake that the transportation expenses would be $1,200 more than to Saltsburg, another location which they have in view for the 2d Brigade encampment. But as the price of forage is lower at Conneaut Lake and the location unexcelled it will probably be chosen.

A trout weighing over one pound was captured by Mr. McQuistion in Spring creek on Thursday.

The clerk at the soda water fountain begins to enjoy fizz-ical exercise.

The funeral of the late Judge John K. Runkle, at Tusseyville, on Friday morning, was one of the largest that ever occurred in that section, the cortege numbering more than one hundred conveyances. A numerous delegation from Bellefonte was in attendance. The services throughout were extremely solemn and imposing.

Our distinguished citizen, Hon. D. G. Bush, contemplates the erection of a business block, 300 feet in length along Water street from the Arcade building to the Spring. This will depend on the proper changes being made on that thoroughfare. The new building, when completed, will contain an opera house which will be quite magnificent.

Mr. Miller Tiffin, manager of the car works, departed from town on Friday, but will return in a few weeks, when it is expected that some changes and improvements will be made in that institution.

Work on the B. and B. R. R. R.

The three hundred or four hundred workmen engaged along the route of this new railroad are making as rapid progress as was expected and will finish the work at the time announced. The other end of the road is finished as far as Struble's ore banks and the dusky foreigners are now rapidly approaching in this direction. June was the month originally appointed for them to complete this end of the line and they are now within six or eight miles of Bellefonte. The damages, we hear, have been satisfactorily adjusted in nearly every instance.

An Order for Memorial Day.

The Posts of the G. A. R. in this vicinity have received an order from headquarters, which urges upon them the proper observance of Memorial Day. It is expressed in beautiful language and will doubtless be read aloud at the next regular meetings of the separate posts. After alluding to the war which gave cause for the grateful observance of Memorial Day, the order says:

The agony that followed in the march of such a conflict can only be contemplated in tears. The extent of this bloody sacrifice may be appreciated when it is remembered that there is scarcely a graveyard in the land that does not hold the dust of some one who fought, and suffered, and died, that our Government might live. Shall they be forgotten? Shall the earth be at once made level ove their graves? Not while a sentiment of human justice is felt or a chord of sympathetic virtue vibrates in a soldier's heart. We would remember them with tenderness, in keeping with the sorrowing hearts of fatherless children, widowed mothers, and the deep distress of those whose earthly hopes are buried in the graves of their children. Cull them fresh flowers of spring time, growing in the woodland or springing in the meadow, and while moist with heaven's tear drops, strew them with loving hands and grateful hearts on the graves of those who kept our flag from dishonor.

Comrades, do not listen with credulity to the whisperings of those who would eliminate from the services of Memorial Day the touching and beautifully appropriate ceremony of entwining the monuments and bedecking the graves of our departed heroes with wreaths of laurel and garlands of affection. Let other hands grow weary and other hearts grow cold in this sacred duty, but never let it be said that the Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic, envy the small pittance necessary to procure flowers for Memorial Day.

Men and women, youths, maidens and little children, join with us in these patriotic services. Bring with you the laurel, the rose and the honey-suckle to place upon the soldiers' graves, and do not forget to wave above them the standard that shone so proudly in the front of battle. Pass not a grave neglected; touch not one with an unfeeling hand; then will the angels in heaven smile to know that gratitude still lingers in the hearts of men, and that virtue on earth will be rewarded.

The order is signed by E. S. Osborne, department commander, and by Thos. J. Stuart, assistant adjutant general.

Death of Dr. Aaron S. Weaver.

We learned with feelings of regret of the death on Wednesday last, the 16th instant, of Dr. Aaron S. Weaver, a well known and much respected resident of Potter's Bank. The disease which proved fatal was that much dreaded typhoid pneumonia. His disease was doubtless superinduced by arduous work incident to the pursuit of a large and increasing practice. He was a promising young physician with high hopes and aspirations luring him onward to almost superhuman endeavors. But the bright bud of hope whose petals seemed almost ready to blossom failed to put forth their developed beauty and a buoyant young life was cut off when just entering upon the full flower of manhood. Yet let us hope that a brighter, more joyous hope than any that the limited confines of life can give has been revealed to him and that he is enjoying a happiness that is not even named on earth. The deceased was about 35 years of age. He was born in Rebersburg, this county, and has been a practicing physician at Potter's Bank the past eight years. He was held in the highest favor as a physician and as a man. He leaves a wife and one child, another child—a daughter—having entered upon the future life before him. The funeral occurred on Friday and he was laid to rest in the Sprucetown cemetery.

—The two Lock Haven dailies on Thursday devoted from a quarter to a half column each to a frantic and, in the case of the *Express*, a very undignified effort to prove that there will be a celebration in that city on Independence Day. Those who talk the most usually do the least and Bellefonte will rest content to prove the superiority of her celebration when Independence Day dawns. It is quite evident that the scribes of the two papers in question have become hypocondriacs on the subject of their celebration and when they come up here to pay that ice cream wager we shall, *sub rosa*, invite competent craniologists to examine their intellectual development.

—A drunken individual was conducted by Policeman Morgan to the lock-up Friday evening.

Interesting Facts about Centre County.

The population of Bellefonte in 1880 was 3026; Benner township, 1282; Boggs township, 2098; Burnside township, 465; College township, 1417; Curtin township, 624; Ferguson township, 1817; Gregg township, 1795; Haines township, 1422; Half Moon township, 664; Harris township, 942; Howard borough, 498; Howard township, 947; Huston township, 892; Liberty township, 1284; Marion township, 674; Miles township, 1512; Milesburg borough, 643; Millheim borough, 577; Patton township, 761; Penn township, 814; Philipsburg borough, 1779; Potter township, 2375; Rush township, 1591; Snow Shoe township, 1410; Spring township, 2235; Taylor township, 617; Union township, 1086; Unionville borough, 399; Walker township, 1467; Worth township, 809.

Of the total population, 37,574 were white and 348 were colored.

The native-born population was 36,708; 36,037 were born in Pennsylvania, 151 in New York, 60 in New Jersey, 131 in Maryland, 50 in Ohio and 67 in Virginia.

The foreign-born population was 1214; 29 were born in British America, 323 in England and Wales, 469 in Ireland, 89 in Scotland, 256 in the German Empire, 24 in France and 1 in Sweden and Norway.

The total number of males was 19,024; females, 18,898. Between the ages of 5 and 17 there were 6,192 males and 5,184 females.

The number of farms was 2400; acres of improved land, 198,080; value of farms, including fences and buildings, $12,634,448; value of farming implements and machinery, $465,253; value of live stock, $951,627.

The cereal productions were: barley, 28,345 bushels; buckwheat, 32,688 bushels; Indian corn, 898,185 bushels; oats, 250,351 bushels; rye, 41,884 bushels; wheat, 389,804.

Methodist Matters.

The liberality of the Methodists in this place is certainly very great. They are by no means the most favored congregation in worldly affairs, but they give proportionally more than others. There are congregations in Bellefonte of greater wealth who do not go down into their pockets half the distance that the Methodist brethren are inclined to do. The salary of Rev. George Penepacker, the pastor, has recently been increased $200, and it is well bestowed as he is exceedingly energetic and is increasing in popular esteem.

At Pleasant Gap the church of that denomination is also prospering. The pastor, Rev. J. A. Mattern, was transferred from the South Kansas Conference, and under his brief administration the church has grown wonderfully. His salary was increased from $400 to $700. There is now an interesting revival in progress. A new church is to be built at the Rock which is in the Pleasant Gap Circuit, and there is a fair prospect of getting rid of an old debt that has worried the charge for years.

In Philipsburg the Methodists have been showing a similar life and progress. A new parsonage was recently erected, which is large, elegant and homelike. In all probability Rev. Polsgrove's salary will be increased.

To the Memory of Hon. John K. Runkle.

The resolutions given below express the sentiments of the Centre county bar and court officials in regard to the death of the late Judge Runkle. They were prepared by the committee appointed for that purpose at the meeting held on Thursday morning:

Resolved, That the members of the Bar of this county have heard with sentiments of profound regret the announcement of the sudden death of Hon John K. Runkle, an Associate Judge of the courts of Centre county.

Resolved, That we unite with his bereaved family and friends and the community in mourning the loss of an efficient officer of the Court, an upright Judge, a worthy and respected citizen, an affectionate father and an honest man.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, with a copy of these resolutions, be presented to the family of the deceased, by the clerk of the court, with an assurance of the condolence of the members of the Bar and officers of the Court.

Resolved, That these proceedings be presented to the Court with a request that the same be entered of record.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the county papers.

Going to the Land of Cyclones.

Monday afternoon a party of four residents of Pleasant Gap departed for the West, one of them to locate permanently and three to visit. Mr. Frank Bilger will locate in Nebraska. Mr. and Mrs. Abram Stine and Mrs. Gentzel will visit friends in Kansas. We wish them all a safe journey in cars and other ordinary conveyances without any rapid flights on the back of a cyclone.

—Trade is reported excellent and improving daily.

Centre County People in Pennsylvania College.

A beautiful catalogue of Pennsylvania College, located at Gettysburg, has been issued. Many persons in Centre county are interested in the affairs of this institution because they have graduated from it or have friends who are graduates. The Senior class this year numbers 25; Junior class, 20; Sophmore class, 32; Freshman class, 30. A preparatory department is also connected with the institution which now includes among its students two young men from this county, viz: William Sherman Musser, of Aaronsburg, and William Edwin Tyson, of Bellefonte. The first Centre county name we notice among the Alumni is that of Rev. J. K. Miller, of Centre Hall, who was a member of the class of 1848. Adam Hoy, Esq., of Bellefonte, was a member of the class of '56. Rev. Franklin B. Wolf, Rebersburg, belonged to the class of '59, but a star which marks his name shows that he has finished his life-work and has entered upon the bliss of eternity. Rev. Samuel E. Furst, of this place, was a member of the class '63; Rev. W. E. Fischer, of Centre Hall, appears in the class of '72. The class of '74 includes Alfred A. Dale and Clement Dale, Esqs., of this place. John Kline, Esq., of this place, belonged to the class of '77. Rev. George S. Diven, of Boalsburg, and J. Witmer Wolf, of Centre Hall, appear as members of the class of '79. The annual meeting of the Alumni will occur on the 27th of June and the Commencement exercises on the 28th.

Silk Premiums for 1883.

The Woman's Silk Culture Association of the United States offer a premium of five hundred dollars to be divided into ten premiums, the highest one hundred and the lowest ten dollars, to silk culturists.

The competition is open to all silk growers residing in the United States. The premiums will be awarded for the best single pounds of cocoons produced during the season of 1883. The lots in competition will be carefully tested by a committee of experts; the silk will be reeled, and the quality and quantity produced will be the bases of award. The distribution of premiums will take place early in the new year, and entries must be made not later than December 1, 1883. The specimens will be shown in glass jars, which must be provided by the exhibitors. The co-coons for which premiums are awarded, will become the property of the Association. The office of the association is at No. 1328 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

—There are a large number of disgusting drunken men on the streets Some of them are *habitual drinkers*. Where do they get their whiskey? for to such it is *a violation of law* to sell. They do not keep it at their homes for they are too poor to buy it in larger quantities than a drink at a time. Then it is clear that there are saloons that sell to habitual drinkers. and thus break the law. Why don't professed temperance people, who have money to "back up" their actions, return these law-breakers? Truly their professed temperance is nothing but a sham, a hollow pretence; they are false and insincere.

—The Lock Haven *Express* man is very desirous of coming up here to celebrate his Fourth of July, but seems to be deterred by a fear that he wont be hospitably entertained. Why my dear sir, Bellefonte people are the most hospitable in the universe. All the greater and lesser luminaries of the *Express* will be cordially welcomed. To be sure you did say some very ungentlemanly things recently, but we can be magnanimous and forgiving. So if you have really concluded not to have a celebration in Lock Haven—why, come and welcome.

—An intoxicated pill doctor created a disturbance on Allegheny street last Thursday. He accosted a well-known gentleman and began relating a series of complaints to him under the supposition that he was talking to a justice of the peace. Then a policeman drew near and laid violent hands on the loquacious and noisy pill doctor. He spent the night in the lock-up.

—When Camilla Urso returns to Bellefonte (which we hope will be soon) we shall persuade her to give a private concert for Mr. Joe W. Furey's special benefit. "Put me in my little bed," "Yankee Doodle," "Kaiser, Don't you Want to Buy a Dog," "Captain Jinks," and such classic productions will constitute the programme.

—Fortunate thing for Mr. Miller and the other Y. M. C. A. secretaries that they departed from Racine Wis., before the cyclone arrived there. The cyclone seems to be a-Racin' after them. We think it should be spelled sigh-clone.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Miller Tiffin, manager of the car works, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moyer, of Powelton, were in town last week visiting their many friends.

J. W. Gephart, Esq., has already moved into the residence vacated by Mr. W. E. Burchfield.

Mr. C. F. Cook conducted the exercises in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. J. A. Fiedler, city editor of the Williamsport *Sun and Banner*, spent the Sabbath in Bellefonte.

Alva Grow, of Lock Haven, has been elected captain of the new camp of Sons of Veterans.

Miss Barber, of Mifflinburg, is the guest of the Misses Green, daughters of F. P. Green, Esq., of this place.

Mr. W. D. Tyler, superintendent of the Logan House at Altoona, has returned home from his European trip.

Mr. Jay Cooke, the eminent banker and financier, is fishing in the head waters of Antes Creek near Williamsport.

Mr. Walter Bayard departed for Philipsburg on Thursday morning on business relating to the Sons of Veterans.

Mr. J. M. Thompson, a prominent merchant of Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, Pa., was a visitor in town on Friday last.

Mr. James Mitchell, of Spring street who has been suffering with rheumatism, is somewhat better although still confined to his bed most of the time.

Mr. R. M. Sebring, formerly of this place, has already chosen a location in Lock Haven for his chinaware store and will begin business in the near future.

Miss Emmie Bush, niece of Hon. D. G. Bush, of this place, arrived in town last Friday from her home in Alba, Bradford county, and is a guest at her uncle's pleasant residence.

Captain Walter Bayard has returned from Philipsburg where he reports the camp of Sons of Veterans in an excellent condition. He was accompanied by Lieutenant Jesse Cox.

Mr. Robert B. Burrows' family, of Williamsport, are sojourning at Spring Mills, this county, and speak of it very favorably as a summer resort. The Spring Mills House is now conducted by Mr. John H. Bibby.

Mr. James Sommerville and two daughters are at Saratoga, New York. Mr. S. is a delegate from the Presbyterian church in this place to the General Assembly of the church now in session at that brilliant summer resort. We hope that they will enjoy the social life of the place as well as the spiritual refreshment that the occasion which calls them there will afford.

Lazier than John I. Mitchell.

There being a vacancy on the associate bench of Centre county, caused by the death of Judge Runkle, Governor Pattison will be called upon to appoint a successor. We know of no better man for the place than Joe. W. Furey, associate editor of the *Watchman*. He is a fire-proof Democrat, a man of good ability, a reformer in whom there is no guile, and lazier than John I. Mitchell. Judge Furey would sound well and remind lawbreakers of an approaching cyclone. Governor Pattison, now's your opportunity to both recognize and reward true merit.—Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, May 22, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 10
Wheat—No. 2,	1 00
Wheat—No. 3,	90
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	70
Corn	60
Corn (shelled)	65
Oats	45
Clovereed, fair to good	9 00 to 9 50
do prime to extra prime	10 00 to 10 25
do choice	.10 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 80
Flour, wholesale	5 80

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	13 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	10
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	30
Cheese per pound	18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	17
Country Bacon	13
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes, per bushel	1 00
Turnips, " "	40
Onions, " "	50
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—15
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

MARRIED.

LESH—WIBLEY.—At the home of the bride's mother, May 17, by J. Alfred Keser, Michael Lesh, of Pittsburgh, Pa., to Christiana Wibley, of Centre county.

BRYAN—BIGELOW.—At the home of the bride's father, Dr. W. H. Bigelow, in Stormstown, Pa., on May 15, 1883, by Rev. W. R. Whitney, Mr. Isaiah P. Bryan, of Tyrone, Pa., to Miss L. Emma Bigelow.